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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
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An Editorial Experience.

By MAGDALEN ROCK.

Stephen Dighton sat alone and idle in his comfortable chambers. A young lawyer in the first year of his practice is not likely to be troubled with briefs unless he can count many friends among the judges, and certainly Stephen was no exception to the rule. Still, as he did not need to rely on his profession he was not particularly troubled by his enforced idleness. He had just come to the following conclusions—that the city was becoming unbearably hot, that his father's place, Dighton Hall, would be at its best, that it was quite four weeks since he had seen Kitty, and that he would be off for home in the morning. He had got so far in his cogitations when Clarence Liscombe entered the office.

They had been boys together at college, and, though their opportunities of meeting in later years had been few, a very firm friendship existed between them. Stephen arose and welcomed his friend warmly.

"How are you, Clarence?"

"Fairly well," Liscombe responded. He sank with a sigh into an easy chair, and his looks rather belied his words.

"I wonder if you can manage to do me a service, Stephen?" he said, almost immediately. "Bella has been ordered a change of air and scene, and it is necessary that I should accompany her. Could you take charge of the Woman's Messenger for a month or so?"

"I could manage the time," Stephen replied, doubtfully, "but the talent—that's another story."

"Oh, that'll be all right. I feel that you have the journalistic instinct, and you shall have the necessary coaching on points to be specially considered. The fact is, you must oblige me."

"I hope Mrs. Liscombe is not seriously ill?"

Clarence paused before replying.

"Not physically," he said at length. Then with a groan he let his head fall on the table. "It is much worse, it is her mind."

"Oh!"

"Yes. She fretted continually after the baby's death, and lost all interest in her usual occupations. The doctors say that a short holiday abroad may do wonders. Neither she nor I have any immediate friends who could accompany her, and, besides, she won't go unless I go with her. Unfortunately, my exchequer, as you know, won't allow me to engage a paid substitute, so I came to you."

"Of course, of course!" Stephen said, hurriedly. "I shall be glad to help you in any way, only I'm afraid I shall make a mess of the thing. Don't you look after the correspondence page? You do. Well, I am conscious of an utter inability to inform your readers how to cook their dinners or to concoct a cosmetic for their complexions."

"Oh, you won't be much troubled in that way. Most of the queries are ordinary, sensible man could answer right off, and Ashburton, the assistant editor, will give you first-class assistance. Besides, in the office are encyclopedias containing information on every conceivable subject. I can't say how thankful I am, Stephen." And Liscombe heaved a sigh expressive of his gratitude.

"Nonsense, man. The work will be a positive relief to me."

"I hope you will not find it very burdensome. Perhaps you were thinking of going somewhere yourself? Every one is complaining of the heat."

"Well, it is rather hot, but . haven't been thinking of flitting," Stephen replied, mendaciously. He didn't believe in letting a man know the full extent of his obligations to him.

"I am glad of that," Liscombe said, rising. "And now I must be off. Bella is apt to be nervous if left long alone. By the way, I would rather you said nothing of this."

Stephen sat thinking of his friend and of the pretty, weak little woman he had married three years previously.

"Money isn't a too plentiful commodity in that household, I fancy," he soliloquized, as he arose to open his desk. He took a couple of $20 notes from it, and, with a brief note, inclosed them in an envelope, which he addressed to his friend.

"Thanks to the dear old pater's generosity, I can spare them without any inconvenience," he said to himself, as he strolled along to post his letter, with an unacknowledged regret in his heart for the weeks at home that his service to Liscombe would deprive him of.

His work on the Woman's Messenger was not very laborious, and he certainly derived both pleasure and instruction from the correspondence column. The magazine was a new one, and its policy was bold. It did not cater for frivolous readers by giving details of others women's lives and homes; it ... not give portraits of infantine and adult beauties; it did not publish impossible recipes to make one beautiful forever, and equally impossible letters from dearest Aurora to darling Mysie, describing ravishing and purely imaginary toilets. Many of the correspondents wrote asking advice on family matters, and Stephen gave them the best counsel he had to bestow. One morning in his last week of the work, when he was half-way through the pile of letters, he was somewhat startled to find one addressed in Kitty Stanfield's rather remarkable caligraphy.

"What advice can Kitty be in want of?" he said to himself, as he held up the envelope, with a tender smile. "Dear little woman! How she will laugh when I tell her that I was the editor who gave her directions as to where a home might be found for Rosy Brown or little Joe Smith!"

He opened the letter and read it through slowly, as if he had difficulty in grasping its meaning. Gradually a look that could not have been produced by anxiety regarding the various waifs and strays in whom Kitty Stanfield took such interest, crept into his eyes. When he reached the conclusion of the letter he read it over once again before he dropped it with a cry of "Oh, Kitty, Kitty!"

The letter was a short one, but it was sufficiently explicit to the man who was Katherine Stanfield's accepted lover. It ran:

"Dear Mr. Editor—A year ago I became engaged to a young man, suitable in every way, whom I thought I loved, and who certainly loved and loves me, but since then I have met another person whom I know I love. What am I to do? If I break my engagement I shall vex friends that I have every reason to love, besides hurting the gentleman's feelings severely, and if I keep it I shall marry him with my whole heart belonging to another. Please advise. Kitty."

He remained with his head buried in his hands till the striking of a clock in the room aroused him.

"I can do no more today," he said, rising to his feet; then placing the letters in a desk, he prepared to leave the office.

Kitty Stanfield's parents had died while she was but a baby. Robert Stanfield had little to bequeath to his daughter, but fortunately Reginald Dighton, who had been his friend from boyhood, came forward to assure the dying man that Kitty would be as dear to him as his own boy. Robert Stanfield had died contented and happy, and Kitty had been brought to Dighton Hall, to tyrannize and reign over every one, particularly Stephen, whose love had grown with each year, till at last he knew that of all women Kitty was the one for him.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Dighton smiled on his wooing and were well pleased at the announcement of an engagement between the pair.

"Married!" Kitty had ejaculated in horrified accents to her lover. "No, Master Stephen, not for years and years! Fancy you and I as two steady, sober, uninteresting, married people! Oh, no, no—we're over young to marry, yet, and, I may add, too foolish!"

The vision of Kitty as she had said these words came back to Stephen as he walked quickly toward the open country. He saw the girl standing before him, with her brown hands full of flowers that she had just gathered her slight, childish figure drawn up in vigorous protest, her blue eyes smiling saucily into his. He fancied he could hear the tones of her voice as she continued:

"If you are very good, and if I don't change my mind, which I may, I'll marry you when I reach the mature age of 21, and not a moment before!" and then she had flitted away up the terrace steps, carolling like a bird.

"She was only a child and did not know her own mind," he said to himself. After the first feeling of anger had passed away, he began to think how the engagement might be broken. Of course, the friends she referred to were his father and mother.

"Poor little thing! She does love him, and is quite capable of sacrificing herself to please them. But that must not be! It was—lucky"—he hesitated over the word—"well, I suppose it was lucky that I should be in Liscombe's place, or I might not have known till too late. Oh, Kitty, Kitty, I wonder if you realize how much I care for you!"

Having spent the day in aimless wandering, he returned to his chambers worn out and tired, but with his mind made up. Kitty must not be put to the pain of breaking their engagement. He would do it himself. The old people would be surprised and annoyed, but that could not be helped. Kitty would be saved any annoyance, and by and by he would be able to see her happy with the man she loved. At this point he wondered, for the first time, who that man could be.

"She doesn't see many people," he reflected. "Let me think. There are the Elliots and the Oakleys. Could it be Bertram Channing? Yes, yes, it must be Bertram. He is always about the Hall, and he is a handsome fellow, if not very intellectual."

He went to the mirror over the fireplace and regarded himself with pitiable disfavor. He was not in the least good looking. Nature had given him a pair of honest, brown eyes and a well formed head, set upon square, broad shoulders, but his face—that was certainly far from handsome. He sighed.

"What a fool I was to think such a pretty, dainty maiden could ever care for me! I only hope Channing will try to make her as happy as I would have done!"

On the following day Kitty's letter was answered:

"Marry the man you love at all hazards," the editor of the Woman's Messenger advised, and there and then Stephen Dighton wrote a letter breaking his engagement with Kitty. He was aware that his letter to her was somewhat mysterious. He spoke of other influences, and recorded his belief that when they plighted their troth they did not know their own minds. Without committing himself to the statement he wanted her to think that he had met some one he loved better, and he smiled bitterly as he penned the lines.

The short letter he wrote to his father brought back a sharp reply:

"I did not think," the irate old fellow wrote, "that I had a son who was not a gentleman. A bad attack of gout prevents me from being in the city at the moment you read this. As it is, I command you, sir, to come here at once and explain your conduct."

There was also a letter from his mother, full of mingled entreaties and regrets, but not a line from Kitty. A huge parcel, containing various little knicknacks he had given her from time to time, a bundle of letters and a tiny case with her engagement ring inside, arrived—only that, and nothing more.

"She must have had them ready for sending," he concluded, illogically; "still, she might have written a line, seeing that I am leaving her free to be happy in her own way."

There was also a letter from Liscombe, announcing his return after a trip that had proved highly beneficial to his wife and himself. Stephen began to make preparations for a lengthened tour.

"I couldn't endure a day at the Hall now. I'll take a run up to the Catskills and finish off with a trip to Europe. By the time I return Kitty will be married, and I shall be able to explain all to the pater."

When Stephen had been abroad five months beyond the proverbial year and a day, he made up his mind to return home. He had received a few letters from his parents, but after the first two or three Kitty's name was not mentioned, from which he inferred that she was on with the new love. In one of her earlier letters his mother had written, with a little intentional malice, that Kitty was in the best possible spirits, and, though Stephen told himself that he was rejoiced at the news, he scarcely felt so.

It was in Paris that Stephen began to pine for home. Here he made the acquaintance of a couple of young physicians, graduates of a New York City college. In one of their excursions through the country near Paris he managed to twist his foot, and it was in consequence of this accident that he was reclining alone one day in one of the deserted drawing rooms in his hotel. The windows of the room were wide open, and he was aroused from a doze by the murmur of voices from outside, one of which sounded strangely familiar. He contrived to draw near enough to the window to catch a glimpse of the speakers, and with a sudden thrill he saw that one of them was Kitty Stanfield, but so changed that his heart ached. Her companion was a Mrs. Avery, a married sister of young Channing.

"What can have happened to her?" he thought. "Perhaps they are married, and are traveling here with Mrs. Avory. I believe I had better avoid meeting them—still, I should like to know the meaning of her altered appearance."

Both ladies were seated. Kitty in a rocking chair, was swaying slowly to and fro, while Mrs. Avory, with an open journal on her knee and knitting pins in her hands, was trying to follow some directions for the manufacture of a summer shawl.

"Aren't you tired of poring over that paper, Mrs. Avory?" Kitty asked, wearily. At the sound of her voice Stephen forgot he was eavesdropping.

"Oh, no," Mrs. Avory responded, checking her needles. "I like following new directions, and you can always depend on the instructions given here. Whenever I want a new pattern in crochet or knitting I just write to the editor of this journal."

"What very clever and very obliging people editors must be," Kitty said. "I used to believe they manufactured their correspondents' needs and their own replies."

"Not at all!" Mrs. Avory said.

"I once wrote to the editor of the Woman's Messenger for advice," Kitty went on.

"Did you get it?"

"Yes, and very good advice, too. You remember Edith Lorraine, Mrs. Avory? Being Mr. Lorraine's niece, she used to be a good deal at his place, and she and I grew very friendly. She was engaged at that time to a gentleman named Smithson, a great friend of her mother's. Indeed, her mother brought the engagement about. Afterward Edith saw Mr. Franks and the pair proceeded to fall in love with each other, and Edith could not make up her mind what course to pursue. She was inclined to keep her word, while I, on the contrary, thought she should tell the truth at all costs. Well, one day I wrote to the editor of the Woman's Messenger, and Edith agreed to abide by his decision, which was: 'Marry the man you love, at all hazards.' Edith, I am glad to say, has done so."

Here Mrs. Avory, who had not been listening very attentively to her companion, gave a little cry of vexation and started up. But for this, both ladies might have heard Stephen's exclamation.

"There," Mrs. Avory said, "I have made a hash of the second row, and the whole work must be undone. I must get my scissors."

As she hurried away along the balcony Stephen limped forward and dropped on his knees by Kitty's chair.

"Kitty," he cried, "Kitty, I was editing the Woman's Messenger when you wrote that letter! I read it; I answered the question."

Kitty leaned back in her chair and looked at him with mingled consternation and astonishment in her eyes.

"Yes," Stephen continued, glancing at her ringless left hand, "and I thought it was for yourself you wrote."

"For myself? Oh, Stephen!"

There was reproach in the tones, certainly, but Stephen was wonderfully reassured.

"What could I think? And then I thought the best kindness I could show you was to leave you free; and, as I couldn't bear to see you after, Kitty, I started for Europe."

"And nearly killed me," Kitty exclaimed, with a sob. "It was for Edith Lorraine I wrote."

"So I heard you say just now. Did ever an eavesdropper fare so well before? But, Kitty, what brought you here?"

"I don't know—that is, foolish old Dr. Benson ordered me abroad for a time, and, as Mrs. Avory was coming with one of her girls here, I thought I might as well join them."

"And my father and mother? Why didn't they accompany you?"

"Oh, papa was engaged in a struggle with his old enemy, the gout, and of course mamma could not leave him. He is better now."

"Will he forgive me? You must set him a good example, Kitty."

Kitty shook her head; but Stephen must have pleaded effectively, for when Mrs. Avory returned Stephen informed the bewildered lady that Kitty and he were to be married at the earliest possible moment; and Kitty, blushing like the Kitty of old, did not contradict him.

* * * *

"I knew you would never forgive me father," Stephen said, when he and his bride reached Dighton Hall, "unless I brought Kitty to plead for me."

"But I don't understand your conduct in the least!" the old gentleman grumbled.

"It all arose through the editorship of a woman's paper," Kitty said, with a smile.

"And through Kitty seeking advice," "Well, I'll never have to do so again, seeing that my husband is an editor and a lawyer." And Mr. Dighton joined in the laugh without understanding why or where the "laugh came in."—New York Weekly.

TROUBLES OF MILLIONAIRES.

They Find the Public Somewhat Prone to Fleece Them.

"To be a millionaire is not all joy," he said, getting out of his $12,000 motor car.

"The deuce it isn't."

"Well, it isn't."

"Why isn't it?"

"On account of the way everybody piles it onto you in the matter of prices. For instance, this morning a dentist sent my wife's bill for $150. He hasn't done much on her teeth, and the bill seems exorbitant. I am on my way now to get another dentist's opinion on it, and this other fellow will certainly charge me for his advice, and he may be, furthermore, a friend of the first man's, and on account of friendship he may say the bill is all right."

"How provoking."

"Isn't it? I have to bind everybody I do business with down to a contract. Unless I say, 'Now, how much are you going to charge? Draw up a paper. Put it down in black and white'—unless I fence myself in with every precaution I am fleeced on all sides. Because I am a millionaire people take me for a fool. They think they can charge me double, treble and quadruple. I'm in hot water with them all the time.

"Remember," he went on, "that eight dollar pair of shoes you showed me last month? Well, I went to your bootmaker and ordered a pair just like them, and when the bill came home it was for $15. I had made no contract. Hence I had to pay up.

"Doctors and lawyers charge me tremendous prices. They don't gain anything by it, but they gain more than I do, at that. I keep getting mad at their extortion; I keep changing from one to another. But it does me no good. They're all alike.

"When I go to buy a horse I leave my own carriage three or four blocks away, and I make my purchase before revealing my name. How mad the dealers look when they hear my name—when they perceive that they have given reasonable rates to a well known millionaire. But it's seldom I get the better of a bargain in this way."—Philadelphia Record.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

Los Angeles, Cal., has the smallest horse in the world. It is 22 1-2 inches high, 7 years old, and weighs 70 pounds with its shoes on.

The strongest animals are all vegetarians, the elephant being the most powerful, and the rhinoceros and the ox next. The swiftest, the horse and antelope, are also vegetarians. Vegetarian creatures also live much longer than meat-eaters.

Gates at frequent intervals bar the country roads in Norway and are a nuisance to travelers, who have to leave their vehicles and open the barriers. These obstructions mark the boundaries of farms or separate the cultivated sections from the waste land.

About 20,000,000 bunches of bananas grow annually on the island of Jamaica. Four-fifths of this amount are exported and the remainder is consumed as food by the natives. A bunch of bananas, containing about 300 specimens of the fruit, sells in Jamaica for 15 or 20 cents.

It is seldom that one sees a boiled fish alive, yet there are such in the boiling lake of Amatitlan, Guatemala. A species of fish was lately seen there by M. Marcellin Pellet, a French traveler. These fish, he asserts, often pass days in the boiling water, which comes from numberless hot springs.

When a traveler in China desires a passport he is compelled to have the palm of his hand brushed over with fine oil paint. He then presses his hand on thin, damp paper, which retains an impression of the lines. This is used to prevent transference of the passport, as the lines of no two hands are exactly alike.

"The man with the iron jaw." Many athletes have pined for the cognomen, but it has remained for Henry Geyer of Chicago to show that he deserves the name. During a quarrel, Geyer was shot by James Ludden. The 38-calibre bullet hit Geyer in the jaw on the left side, and though the wound bled profusely, the bullet flattened on the jawbone, without even splintering that member. The physicians say the case is very remarkable and they cannot understand how the man escaped a broken jaw.

Menelek's Successor.

The next problem which is likely to worry the European chancelleries will be the choice of the next Emperor of Abyssinia. According to latest accounts Menelek is in very bad health, and is rapidly aging. He has quite given up all thought of a European tour. It is in his hands to nominate his successor. This he has not yet done, disliking to precipitate trouble among the Ras. His wife, Empress Taitu, is likely to make trouble. She is a very ambiticus woman, and has planned to proclaim herself sovereign ruler at her husband's decease. Ras Makonnen is the strongest candidate for the position. Those acquainted with Abyssinia say that it is all but certain that Menelek's death will bring about internal warfare. Then will come European intervention and the possible disappearance of Abyssinia's independence. Russia favors Ras Alulas, while France, England and Italy are behind Makonnen.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

RELIANCE AGAIN WINNER

Sir Thomas Sees His Boat Beaten by a Small Margin.

DEFENDER THE BEST, HE SAYS

The Second Race Sailed Over a Triangular Course—Shamrock III. Reaches as Well as Reliance—Challenger Made a Bad Start, But Both Yachts Were Admirably Handled—Magnificent Contest.

New York City.—Shamrock III. "found herself" in the triangular race off Sandy Hook, the second of the series, with the cup defender Reliance. In a sea that did not disturb the daintiest amateurs in gilt-fronted cap, and with just the sort of wind the Briton's admirers say she has been longing for, she was defeated, but not ingloriously.

The time of defeat might have been reduced to mere seconds if bad seamanship aboard the challenger at the beginning of the contest had not resulted in a handicap of nineteen seconds for her. As it was, Reliance won by three minutes and sixteen seconds, elapsed time, and one minute and nineteen seconds, corrected time, Reliance allowing one minute and fifty-seven seconds to Shamrock III. Notwithstanding that the breeze blew with force varying from only six to twelve miles, Reliance's time over the course

AMERICA'S CUP.

(three hours, fourteen minutes and fifty-four seconds) was only one minute and thirty-six seconds slower than that made by Columbia when she defeated Shamrock II. on October 3, 1901, in a piping northwester through choppy seas, establishing a record for single-stickers in a cup race. Considering the lightness of the breeze, the time of the racers may be considered remarkable.

Reliance's gain on the first, or windward leg of the course, was one minute and eight seconds; deducting the handicap of Shamrock III. at the start, the actual gain of the defender was only forty-nine seconds. On the second leg of the course, with the wind over the starboard quarter, Reliance gained one minute and twenty-three seconds. In the reach for home, during which the breeze shifted somewhat to westward, Reliance gained forty-five seconds.

The first leg was ten miles to the south, about parallel with the Jersey coast; the second leg, ten miles northeast by east, one-half east; the third leg, ten miles northwest by one-half west. When the preparatory gun was fired the giants were maneuvering north of the line, drawn between Sandy Hook Lightship on the east and the tug Navigator, anchored about a quarter of a mile away to the west. They carried mainsails, clubtopsails, forestaysails and jibs, with handkerchief jibtopsails in stops ready to break out.

Sir Thomas Lipton, on the second defeat of Shamrock III. by Reliance, philosophically said: "You have all seen the results, and the only thing I can say is that we did better to-day than in the last race, which is hopeful. I figure my defeat at a little over one minute. If I make as much progress in the next race as I have in this one over the last I'll be a good bit ahead when the finish line is reached. I was more than pleased at the way my boat was handled to-day.

"It is hard to admit it, but the best boat won. Perhaps if we had had more wind at the finish the result might have been different. But I do not want to throw cold water on the victory. It is hard to win every race in such a series, and I hope our turn will come next."

In returning from the yacht race in the afternoon the steamboat Monmouth, loaded with member of the New York Yacht Club, and J. P. Morgan's yacht, the Corsair, were in collision.

The Corsair was on the starboard side of the Monmouth, and the two were steaming in parallel lines. The Corsair suddenly deflected to port, expecting, presumably, that the Monmouth would do the same. But the Monmouth was unable to do so, owing to the fact that the Josephine, also loaded with people, was on her port side. The prow of the big black yacht struck the Monmouth amidships. Fortunately she slid off, tearing away the awnings and the rail of the Monmouth. The Corsair also was somewhat damaged, one of her lifeboats being smashed.

Woman Cured of Lockjaw.

Mrs. Feberill A. Mecento, who was shot in the ankle July 4, and who was ill for twenty-six days with lockjaw, at St. Paul, Minn., has been pronounced completely cured by her physician. During all the time of her illness her muscles were rigid, and she suffered intense pain.

Descendant of Daniel Boone Dead.

Richard Boone, the great-great-grandson of Daniel Boone, the famous Kentucky pioneer, died at Bethlehem, Pa., of consumption.

Justice Has a Fall

Judge E. B. Maynard, of the Superior Court, suffered painful injuries at his home in Springfield, Mass., by a fall from an apple tree. A ladder upon which he was standing slipped, and the judge fell, striking on his back. No bones were broken.

New British Warship.

The Princess Louise, Duchess of Argyll, officiated at the launching of the battleship Dominion at Barrow, England. The Dominion is the last of the three ships known as the King Edward VII. class. Her cost, complete, will be $6,500,000

TAFT WILL SUCCEED ROOT

Philippines Governor to Be Secretary of War.

OFFICIAL LETTERS MADE PUBLIC

Secretary Root Will Retire in January Under an Arrangement With the President, Who Sends Him a Letter of Appreciation—General Luke Wright Selected For Governor of Philippines.

Oyster Bay, L. I.—Secretary Root, under date August 19, has presented his resignation formally to the President. The resignation was accepted by the President with the understanding that Mr. Root continue as Secretary of War at least until January 1.

Governor William H. Taft, of the Philippines, will succeed Mr. Root as Secretary of War, and General Luke E. Wright will succeed Judge Taft as Governor of the Philippines.

President Roosevelt authorized the following statement:

"The President some months ago tendered the Secretaryship of War to Judge Taft, and at that time it was arranged that he would succeed Secretary Root. Secretary Root will go out of office some time in January, and Judge Taft will assume the duties of the office shortly afterward."

The President also authorized the publication of the correspondence between him and Secretary Root concerning the latter's resignation.

In his letter to the President Mr. Root referred to his wish to retire to private life after the establishment of the General Staff of the Army and the completion of his four years of service as Secretary of War. Now, on the eve of sailing to England to sit on the Alaska Boundary Tribunal, he tendered his resignation, to take effect upon the appointment and qualification of his successor. Mr. Root continued:

"I shall carry with me unabated loyalty to your Administration, confidence in the sound conservatism and patriotic unselfishness of your policy, and enduring gratitude for the kindness and consideration with which your friendship has honored me. I shall not cease to appreciate the sympathy and loyalty to President McKinley with which you took and carried on his work, and I shall always be happy to have been a part of the Administration directed by your sincere and rugged adherence to right and devotion to the true interests of our country."

President Roosevelt, in his acceptance of Mr. Root's resignation, said that his personal loss in the withdrawal of the Secretary of War from public life was very great, but that his sense of loss to the nation was even greater. The President, after highly praising Mr. Root's work in the War Department, said:

"Your duties have included more than merely the administration of the Department, and the reorganization of the army on an effective basis. You have also been the head of the department which dealt with the vast and delicate problems involved in our possession of the Philippine Islands, and your success in dealing with this part of your work has been as signal as your success in dealing with the purely military problems. To very few statesmen, indeed, in any country is it given at one and the same time to achieve signal and striking triumphs in the administration and reform of the military branch of the Government, and in the administration of what was in effect a department of insular dependencies, where the problems were new to our people and were in themselves of great difficulty.

"Moreover, aside from your work in these two divisions of the Government service, I appreciate most keenly the invaluable advice and assistance you have rendered me in innumerable matters of weight not coming directly in your departmental province, but in which I sought your aid with the certainty of not being disappointed. Your position on the Alaskan Boundary Commission at the present moment is an illustration of these services.

"May all good fortune attend you wherever you are; the American people wish you well, and appreciate to the full the debt due you for all that you have done on their behalf."

RAPS BRITISH WAR OFFICE.

Boer War Commission Condemns Lack of Preparation.

London.—The report of the Royal Commission on the South African war, just issued, refrains from commenting on the conduct of individual officers; strongly condemns the lack of preparations for war; indorses Lord Lansdowne's opinion that such a condition is full of peril to the empire, and says an "unsatisfactory and insufficient safeguard has since been suggested to prevent a recurrence of so serious a scandal."

From the beginning to the end of the war 448,435 troops were engaged. Owing to the drain Great Britain, in 1900, became dangerously weak.

No system, it is declared, is satisfactory which does not provide for expansion outside the limit of regular forces. A higher degree of intelligence and a well-educated staff are necessities.

Kaiser Buys Another Estate.

The Emperor of Germany has added another residence to the fifty-three he already owned by buying the estate of Damm-Muehle, called "the Pearl of Brandenburg," for 8500,000. It was owned by a country squire, Herr von Mollank. The house will be rebuilt and converted into a hunting castle.

Peasant Outbreak Near Rome.

The peasants around Rome, Italy, have invaded the estates of Princes Chigi, Torlonia and Piombino, claiming the right to cultivate the land and share in its profits. Soldiers have been sent to the scene to re-establish order.

First White Hanged in Sixty Years.

Robert Kilpatrick was hanged in the jail yard at Media, Pa., for the murder in February, 1902, of Elizabeth Bearmore, his housekeeper. He was the first white man to be executed in Delaware County in more than sixty years.

Newsy Brevities.

London has an "American invasion" of mosquitoes.

The St. Louis Fair will have no woman's department.

The streets of Tokio, Japan, will soon have trolley cars.

Florida's orange and pineapple crop is estimated at $2,500,000.

All the seven islands of Hawaii are connected by wireless telegraphy.

The United States produces three-fourths of the cotton of the world.

European Russia has a less percentage of forest than the United States.

MASSACRES IN THE BALKANS

Women and Children Slain and Houses Burned by Turks.

MANY VILLAGES DEVASTATED

Atrocities Authenticated by the Russian and Austrian Consuls at Monastir—Sanguinary Fighting in Adrianople—Greater Fear of War—Turks Arming Rapidly—Italian Warning to the Porte.

Sofia, Bulgaria.—Reports from Monastir, authenticated by the Russian and Austrian Consuls, give details of massacres. At the village of Armensko the Turks destroyed 150 houses out of a total of 157 and massacred every man, woman and child. The women were subjected to the most terrible atrocities by the soldiers.

Eighty revolutionaries, captured at Krushevo, who were sent in the direction of Monastir in chains, were slaughtered by their guards. The sanitary conditions of Krushevo are described as revolting. The dead are lying in the streets stripped of every garment, the Turks even taking the vestments off the body of a priest.

The Turks, it is reported, have massacred all the women and children in twenty-two villages of Florina and Monastir, and have burned the villages. They are alleged to have killed a number of prisoners. The streets of Krushevo are said to be strewn with dead. The survivors are afraid to bury the bodies.

Following the proclamation of the revolution throughout the vilayet of Adrianopole the insurgents cut all the telegraph lines connecting the city of Adrianople with the eastern parts of the vilayet.

Sofia.—Travelers who arrived here from Adrianople state that a massacre of Christians has occurred there. One version says the guns in one of the forts opened fire on an insurgent band which had attacked a military outpost. A panic followed inside the town, and the Mahometan population fell upon the Christians. According to another version, a Turkish officer tried to force an entrance into a Bulgarian house in order to molest the inmates. The latter resisted, whereupon the Mahometans became excited, and bands of soldiers and bashi-bazouks attacked the Bulgarian quarter of the town.

Constantinople, Turkey.—According to Turkish advices, when the insurgents captured Vasiliko, in the eastern part of the vilayet of Adrianople, they killed the garrison, consisting of fifty soldiers, and about 100 of the inhabitants.

The insurgents were threatening Midia, sixty miles northwest of Constantinople on the Black Sea, and were reported also to be attacking the important town of Kirk-Klissch, thirty-two miles from Adrianople.

Christian, Greek and Mussulman refugees have arrived at the mouth of the Bosphorus from the neighborhood of Midia, fearing a massacre there. They have been sheltered in the lazaretto at Anadoli-Kavek and are being fed by the authorities.

The lighthouse at Kuru-Burun, in Inada Bay, has been abandoned by its keepers on account of the nearness of the insurgents.

The Italian embassy has notified the Porte that it holds it responsible for any injury which may be done to the Consul of Italy at Monastir, and demands punishment of those who insulted the Consul recently by calling him a "giaour" (infidel).

All Turks to Be Called Out.

London.—A dispatch from Uskub to the Daily Mail reports that every able-bodied man in the European vilayets of Turkey will be called to the colors, a sufficient proof of the gravity of the situation.

As a result of Russia's demands all the officials proved guilty of great cruelty in the vilayet of Kussovo by the Austro-Russian consuls two months ago have been dismissed and punished.

TROTS IN TWO MINUTES.

Lou Dillon Smashes the World's Record at Readville, Mass.

Readville, Mass.—Lou Dillon broke the world's trotting record on the mile track here, going in 2:00 flat.

The best previous record was 2:02¼ by Cresceus.

Lou Dillon's time by quarters was: First quarter, 30½; second, 30½; third, 30½; last quarter, 29.

Lou Dillon is a five-year-old trotting mare. She was bought by C. K. G. Billings at a public auction in Cleveland, Ohio, last winter for $12,500. Her latest performance passed all expectations. But two living pacers have gone the mile faster than two minutes.

AWFUL LOSS OF LIFE.

Fire in Budapest—Over 100 Persons Burned to Death.

Budapest, Hungary.—Fire broke out in a four-story building, whose two lower floors were occupied by a fancy goods dealer named Goldberg and the upper floors by dwellers. There were 200 work people in the building, and the escape of many of them and of those who lived on the third and fourth floors was cut off by the flames.

One hundred and twenty persons lost their lives, including Goldberg's wife and son. The police announced that by jumping from the windows thirteen persons were killed and sixteen injured, nine seriously.

The damage is estimated at 4,000,000 kronen, mostly covered by insurance.

Prices Too High For Public Buildings.

In the cases of sites for public buildings in Carbondale, Pa.; Meadville, Pa., and Woonsocket, R. I., the Treasury Department, at Washington, is unable to purchase desirable property at prices within the appropriations, and will refer the cases back to Congress.

Waiters' Strike a Failure.

The strike of restaurant waiters and employes in Chicago was a failure, less than ten per cent. of the men responding to the call of the union officials.

Poisoned Milk Kills Infants.

The Health Department of Denver, Col., has announced that complaints are being prepared against dairymen who have been dispensing milk treated with poisonous preservatives. It is alleged that in four days nineteen infants have died in Denver from diseases which can be traced to preserving milk with formaldehyde.

A Leprosy Scare in Porto Rico.

The leper colony near San Juan, Porto Rico, has been discovered to be in communication with that city, and widespread contagion is feared.

HUMBERTS ALL CONVICTED

Promised "Revelation" of "Secret" Falls With the Jury.

Madame and Husband Go to Prison For Five Years, Her Brothers For Two and Three Years.

Paris, France.—Maitre Labori, the lawyer who conducted the defense of Dreyfus, sprang a dramatic climax to the trial of the Humberts. He timed it a minute or two before the case was given to the jury. His client, Madame Therese Humbert, delivered an impassioned speech to the twelve men who decided her fate. She closed by making a theatrical show of revealing the true identity of the mysterious Crawford, the mythical American whose millions she was supposed to have inherited.

"Now, gentlemen of the jury," she said, "I will give you the name of the Crawfords, as they told it to me. They told me in answer to my insistent questions. I cannot guarantee its accuracy, as I had to rely on their word. M. Crawford said to me: 'We are known as Crawford, but our real name is Regnier.' My fortune was made during the war of 1870 by speculation in rentes, which were then very low, and a large number were bought here."

"Regnier! That is his name! Not Crawford!" she declared; "the Regnier who was intermediary between Marshal Bazaine and the Germans."

Then she made a long pause, during which she and her husband, Labori and Romaine Daureguac watched the effect of her revelation on the jury. The faces of the latter suggested that it had done little more than kindle a half-amused interest.

"You know of this Regnier," she continued. "He intrigued with Bismarck. He was connected with the treason of Marshal Bazaine. He was condemned to death by court martial. His identity seems to be otherwise unknown. What I say is true. I learned Crawford's real name in the manner I have stated. I never told my husband. I swear it on my daughter's head. This is the first time my husband has heard the name."

She paused again and turned to the presiding judge. "What I say is true," she reiterated. "The Crawfords exist, the fortune exists. I have cheated no one. I have made no false representations. I shall bring actions against the Crawfords."

Once again she addressed the jury: "I will say no more, gentlemen. It is enough to assure you that the fortune exists. There you have the whole Humbert case and the whole Crawford case."

Then she pitched her voice to a much higher key. "I have full confidence," she declared, "complete confidence, and now I await my fate."

There was a prolonged movement among the spectators. Their faces, like those of the jury, evinced a feeling of disappointment.

Maitre Labori arose and delivered a brief address to the jury. The substance of it was that the twelve men were now in full possession of the secret of Mme. Humbert; that she had told them the same as she had told him. He read from a paper some facts bearing on the secret history of the Franco-Prussian War. By these it was shown that a Regnier acted as intermediary between Prince Bismarck and Marshal Bazaine.

The grand climax came a little later when the jury brought in a verdict of guilty. From the manner in which it was received by the people it was a decidedly popular verdict.

There was no delay in pronouncing sentence. Mme. Therese and Frederick Humbert were each sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Romaine Daureguac to three years and Emile Daureguac to two years.

Following the announcement of the verdict Maitre Labori raised technical objections to the proceedings as a probable basis of appeal.

The great epoch of Mme. Humbert's career of fraud dates from the invention of the American millionaire, Robert Henry Crawford. The story she told was that at Nice, in the South of France, she saw a stranger, Robert Crawford, suddenly fall as he was getting into a train. She went to his assistance and nursed him back to life. In gratitude he left to her his whole fortune, amounting to $20,000,000.

The fictitious millions served as security on which loans were raised from all classes of people, bankers, usurers, small tradespeople and country squires. In order to prevent the opening of the safe, in which she declared the will had been placed, and the inevitable exposure of the fraud, she instructed lawyers who represented the phantom nephews, and other lawyers who argued her own case, thus putting off from year to year the opening of the safe. The whole cumbrous legal machinery of the French Republic was turned to her own purpose, but the crash finally came, and she and the members of her family were arrested.

BRITISH KILL 700 TRIBESMEN.

Battle in Northern Nigeria in Which Most of the Chiefs Were Slain.

London.—The Colonial Office issued a dispatch received by Secretary Chamberlain from the Governor of Northern Nigeria, which states that a British column, consisting of thirty whites and 500 natives, with four Maxim guns, successfully attacked Burmi. After a determined fight the rebellious tribesmen were routed.

They suffered a loss of 700 killed. The town was destroyed. The British loss was eleven killed and seventy wounded.

The former Sultan of Sokoto and most of the chiefs were killed.

Sunday Law in Florida.

The Sunday League, of Florida, has sent letters to the Sheriff and Mayor of Pensacola, demanding a rigid enforcement of the Sabbath observance laws, which had become gradually relaxed since their temporary enforcement a few months ago. The Mayor replied that the laws were State statutes and that he had no authority for their enforcement. The Sheriff refused to do anything in the matter unless those who called for the enforcement of the laws would swear out warrants for the arrest of the offenders.

Prominent People.

Bronson Howard, the dramatist, is in Pasadena, Cal., where he expects to stay two years.

Dr. Douglas H. Campbell, professor of botany in Stanford University, is on a vacation trip to New Zealand and Australia.

The sisters of

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

OPICE: ALBEMARLE BUILDING; MAIN STREET, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY NORTH CAROLINIAN PUBLISHING CO.

THOMAS. C. BABB, Editor and Manager.

THURSDAY SEPT. 3 1903.

Why does not the Tar Heel call names?

In the issue of the Tar Heel of the 28th. it has the following to say.

"Has bribery been the incentive for the dastardly deed which was per petrated in the Tar Heel office yesterday, and if so has free whiskey been the means? This question you may decide for yourself. Here are the facts:

All the week the management of the Tar Heel has had reason to suspect that some subtle influence had been brought to bear on certain ones of its force of printers to create discord and disorder in this office.

During working hours frequent visits were made to a grog shop in the immediate vicinity.

The editor of the Tar Heel in making the above charge should have grit and manhood enough to make the charge direct, and call the names of the Suspected. As in making the charge as he does, he is likely to throw Suspicion on others than the guilty parents and cause the innocent to suffer, as he has several in his force of printers and there is more than one Saloon not a great distance off. But of these the Salloon of Messrs Berry & Shannon is the closest, and while we know nothing of the facts concering the trouble in The office of the Tar Heel last week. We do know that the character of the men who constitute the firm of Berry & Shannon are beyound reproach. and our co-temporary the Tar Heell will have a hard time convincing the public to the countrary. These gentlemen have been conducting their business in this town for the last Seven years and we have never heard of them being before the courts for estgblishing and maintaing a neuisance as has some of their neighbors, who are in a different business and are now trying to throw Suspicion on these gentlemen astryiying to bribe with indent to create discord in the office of the Temperance paper of our town who is fighting their business.

We ask brother Cahoon that in the future when he makes charges to call names so that the public may know who the guilty parties are.

A Great Sensation.

These was a big sen ation in Leesville, Ind. when W. H. Brown of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. He writes: "I endured insufferable agonies from Asthma, but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief and soon thereafter effected a complete cure." Similar cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchials and Grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c, and $1.00. Guaranteed by all Druggist. Trial bottles free.

We publish in another column a letter from a Mr. C. D. Toler in regard to a letter written by Missers Berry & Shannon of this city to a Mr. D. Gamell of Collington in regard to the Prohibition compaigne now being fought here and some Resolution in regard to the same. We give these place in our colum not because they reflect our Views but for two reasons (Viz) First we wish to be perfictly fair to all parties in this controuversy and accord to every one an opportunity through our colums to give a reason for his position on this question ifthey desire to do so, and secondly to invite attention to the intolerant spirit that seems to characterize this compaigne upon the part of those who favor prohibition. The friends of prohibition are doing all they can to carry their point and force their Views on this Subject upon others. They have written letters, published card, invited speakers.

Held public meetings. Sent the women in the streets to canvas for votes, and all this is right. But the moment Messrs Berry & Shannon, or any one else opens his mouth against prohibition. a measure that Violates the fundamental principle of free Goverment, they become in the estimation of the prohibition zealot a moral reprobate whose depravety calls forth a series of Resolution. Now we wish to say to our prohibition friends that there are some of us who oppose prohibition that are just as temperate, just as law abiding, just as God fearing, and are just as honest and conscientions as the most pronounced prohibitionist and it does not follow because we differ from or with them that we are less so than themselves.

Mressrs Berry & Shannon in their effort to assertian by letter the views of the people who traded in this town, did just what they had a right to do. and what as sensible business men they should have done. They believe as many others believe that this prohibition measure will enjure the business interest of the town, depreciate the value of her property, and work a hardship upon her tax payers without any benifit to the town from any standpoint moral or otherwise, and believeing this they but did what was right in trying to prevent it by all Honorable and fair means.

So far as the letter of Berry & Shannon being an insult to the sobriety of the people of the lower Sound Section, it may be news to our friend Mr. Toler of Nags Head to learn that Hundreds and thousands of Gallons of liquor go from here to that sections every year, and the parties who buy itare not all drunkards or thriftless persons nor are they all moral reprobates either. And that the letter of which he has So much to says.

Was written by request of some of the best people of that section and people who was just as temporate, and just as good citerzens as our Mr. Toler or any one else. Men who in all the relations of life will compare favoraale with the best of our prohibition advocates. I am no prohiditionist, prohibition as dose all sumptary laws strikes a blow at the verry principles on which the Baptist Church of which I am a member was founded (viz) the liberty of consince. I do not belive that, itis rong to drink. Sell or make liquor. I do not believe that any man has the right to restrain me from legetimate use of any privalege that God has given me. I dont believe it can do any good but will do harm. I believe it has already done much harm to both the social and Religious if not to the business community. I believe it has done and will do here just what Dr. Leonard Whittington said it done in Connecticut, and here is what he says.

"I was in Connecticut when attempts were made to inforce such a law and I saw hypocricy power, passion, haughtiness, indignation, force, resistance to commands, threats, and cursing, but I saw no promotion of meekness among christians, or repentance among sinners." I oclieve it has done the same thing here. and therefore I am against prohibition. this question is estranging parties who were heretofore friends, and is making our heretofore peaceful town a verritable pondemonian.

The Genuine vs. Counterfeits.

The genuine is always letter than a counterfeit, but the truth of this statement is never more forcibly realized or more throughly appreciated than when you compare the genuine DeWitt's Witch Hazel Slave with the many counterfeits and worthless substitutes that are on the markets. W. S. Leobettet, of Shreveport, La., says: "After using numerous other remedies without benefit, one box of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Slave cured me." For bind, bleeding, stching and protruding piles no remedy is equal to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Slave. Sold by Standard Pharmacy.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Pleasure of Eating.

Persons suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia or other stomach trouble will find that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. This remedy is a never failing cure for Indigestion and Dpspepsia and all complaints affecting the glands or membranes of the stomach or digestive tract. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure everything you eat tastes good, and every bit of the nutriment that your food contains is assimilated and appropriated by the blood and tissues. Sold by Standard Pharmacy.

"LAWLESSNESS WALKED THE STATE LIKE A PESTILENCE."

Governor Aycock stated in his Inaugural address that under, and therefore by implication in consequence of, fusion rule "Lawlessness walked the state like a pestilence, crime stalked abroad at noonday, sleep lay down with alarm and the sound of the pistol was more frequent than the song of the mocking bird." How stands the case to-day Governor? Haven't the acts of three red shirt legislatures and more than two years of your own beneficent rule passed into history since you proclaimed the foregoing? When you are cavorting over the state whooping for education and roads don't you here of more crimes being commited in North Carolina than ever before and do you continue to attribute these to fusion rule?

Yes brother Caucasian of course every crime committed in the state since its organization is chargable to the fusion rule, and our good Governor Aycock, Christian gentleman and Orthodox Baptist as he claimgs to be is I am shure ready to swear that but for fusion rule in the state, and the appointment of Dr. Crum to the collectorship of the port of Charleston there never would have been a crime committed in the state, I don't see just how he could do so but I am shure he would do it and if the Governor could do it of course every little fellow in the Democratic camp would do it. They are ready to sweare and are really swearing that the murder of James by a bond of ruffians in Goldsbora and the deliberate wilful murder of Skinner by Haywood in Raleigh and the murder of a Gentleman in Charlotte by somebody who was tryiny to defile his home with all the crime committed in the state since its organization is chargeable to fusion rule and the appointment of Dr. Crum.

A Purgative Pleasure.

If you ever took DeWitt's Little Early Risers for billiousness or constipation you know what a purgative pleasure is. These famous little pills cleanse the liver and rid the system of all bile without producing unpleasant effects. They do not gripe, sicken or weaken, but give tone and strength to the tissues and organs in volved. W. H. Howell of Houston, Tex. says "No better pill can be used than Little Early Risers for constipation sick headache, etc." Sold by Standard Pharmacy.

The following letter, which speaks for itself, was publicly read.

Nags, Head, N. C., Aug. 24, '03.

WALTER L. CAHOON, Esq.,
Editor of the Tar Heel.

My Dear Sir:

I am wirst many of you people are classed the 'turn a 'down the sounder.' In other words, I am one of the many hundreds of these men who live by the Sound and by whose trade Elizabeth City is very largely supported. Your city is the trading point to many of us, and naturally we take an interest in the great fight which you are now waging against whiskey The whiskey dealers and their supporters, I hear, are advancing the argument that we people go to Elizabeth City to trade because we can get whiskey and ifwhiskey was driven out of the town. we would go elsewhere and Elizabeth Cit would l ose our trade.

Now, sir permit me, through the columns of your excellent paper, to denounce that as an infamous falsehood and gross insult to all of us in Dare county as well as other counties in the sound section. We are not attracted to Elizabeth City by an opportunity to buy a pint or quart of Whiskey—we are attracted there largely because of the variety of merchandise and the lower prices at which we can buy Elizabeth City is our markets for fish and other things which we have to sell, and we are bound to it by closer ties than whiskey, and we will continue to go there whiskey or no whiskey.

I now have in hand a letter from Berry & Shannon, saloon men of your city, addressed to Mr. D. Gamell of Collington, in which letter they say that they believe if the whiskey is moved out of Elizabeth City, the lower sound trade will move with it They want Mr. Gaimell to get up a petition signed by our people setting forth that we will change our trade Mr. Gaimell is now a very old man, seventy years of age. And our people are very much incensed that the old man whose life is almost spent should be thus insulted by a request to become the instrument of such damnable scheme. They wanted the petition signed and returned by September 1st.

The old man weo is the uncle of my wife, is very sad, and our people are very indignant that such a flagrant insult should be thus flaunted in our face.

I hope the good men and women of Elizabeth City will pray to God that Messrs. Berry and Shannon will be brought to believe that there is some other way for them to make a living for their families than trafficing in that which carries, sorrow, sadness, and woe, to the families of their customers

May whiskey be routed out of your town is the wish of the people of Collington, Kitty Hawk and Nag's Head.

Very truly,
C. D. TOLER.

Upon the reading of this letter the following resolution were enthusiastically passed. Where as, It appears that certain of our saloon men have insulted the good citizens of the Sound Section by attempting to show that they give their patronage to Elizabeth City simply because liquor is sold here,

Be it resolved,

1st. That we greatly deplore the aspersions cast upon our esteemed patrons and friends by these men.

2nd. That we express our hearty appreciion of the high stand taken upon the liquor question, as indicated in the above letter.

3rd. That we earnestly call upon our friends every where to join with us in prayer to Almighty God for victory in our great fight for right ousness.

4th. That these resolutions be offered to all our local papers for publition.

Rev. C. W. Duke
J. B. Leigh.

Distress After Eating Cured.

Judge W. T. Holland of Greensburg, La., who is well and favorably known, says: "Two years ago I suffered greatly from indigestion. After eating, great distress would invariably result, lasting for an hour or so and my nights were restless. I concluded to try Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and it cured me entirely. Now my sleep is refreshing and digestion perfect." Sold by Standard Pharmacy.

To Our Friends.

This is the North Carolinian. How do you like it? If it suits your politics we want you to help us scatter the paper in your community. By doing this you will not only help us but you will help put North Carolina in the republican column in 1904. Where is the republican tast is not willing to do something to make North Carolina republican? We do not aim to let up in our fight until the democracy is dethroned and a republican government again exist in this State. With the help of all the republicans this will be an easy task. Now this is what we want you to do: We want you to show this copy to your neighbors and ask them to subscribe. You can easily get a club of ten, five and this will entitle you to the paper a year free.

If you want to see machine democracy put down in North Carolina we want you to help us to push the North Carolinian. We will do the talking and we want you to get more people to listen to our chat. Take this paper with you when you go to the store, postoffice or mill and show it to the boys and ask them to subscribe,

There are two hundred thousand people in North Carolina who ought to read every issue of the North Carolinian. If you will only do your part and get as many scattered in your community as possible it will help the republican party to carry the state next year and will also enable us to preach the gospel" to more people

Don't be afraid to show this paper to the democrats. We aim to tell nothing but the truth and we challenge all the hosts of democracy to disprove any statement we may make.

Now boys sit around and send in the clubs and we'll do the rest. We want every voter in the State to read this paper. If he's a democrat we'll show him what he has been voting for and if he is not too far gone he'll quit democracy and land right in the middle of the republican party.

FASTEST SEAGOING YACHT.

Millionaire Leeds' New Craft Expected to Break All Former Records.

When William B. Leeds, president of the Chicago and Rock Island railroad, goes to sea it will be in the fastest ocean going steam yacht afloat, and the most luxurious too, says a New York special to the Chicago Inter Ocean. Noma is the name of President Leeds' new aquatic palace. When finally completed, with the last touch of paint and polish to the brass work, she will have cost President Leeds $500,000.

The Noma on a recent trial tore through the waves at the rate of twenty-three and three-fifths miles an hour. It was her first trip, and when the rough spots in the machinery wear off it is not unlikely that the Noma will travel twenty-five miles an hour. This will make her the fastest steam yacht that ever floated. The Noma is pretty and she is luxurious. There is a telephone service that reaches every part of the ship. Mr. Leeds upon arising in the morning can talk with the captain or the engineer, or he can inquire of the steward what he may expect for breakfast. There is also a system of hot air heating.

A Very Ancient Snake.

The African cobra ranges from Egypt to the Cape of Good Hope. That it was known in northern Africa thousands of years ago is shown by its familiar appearance in Egyptian hieroglyphics. Near Cape Colony it is almost exterminated, and its destruction is much promoted by that curious and valued long legged hawk known as the secretary bird. Six or seven species of cobra have been distinguished, three of which belong to the Indian region.

Not Yet Ripe.

The physicians were holding a consul-

Progressive!

We are living in a rapid age: an age of progression. If you see a chance to benefit yourself grasp the opportunity.—

You can benefit yourself by calling at—

JOS. P. HALL'S DRUG STORE,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
17 Washington St. - - - SUFFOLK, VA.

For anything in the line of Pure Drugs, Chemicals, Standard Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles, Fine Perfumery, Fine Toilet Soaps, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Superb Stock, Rubber Goods such as Fountain Syringes, Hot Water Bottles &c.

Remember that we handle a full line of Garden and Field Seeds and our stock is always fresh and Genuine.

No finer line of Stationery, Blank Books and Supplies can be found in this section.

Low Prices, Good Goods and Satisfaction Guaranteed. All Orders by Mail will be attended to with care and dispatched.

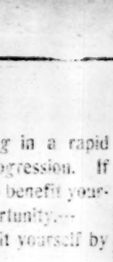
JOS. P. HALL, Druggist,
SUFFOLK, VA.

HORSES CURED.

I cure all diseases to which the horses is subjected such as: Colic, Gravel, Grubbs, Thumps, Staggers and others too numerous to mention. I guarantee a cure, or no pay. Write to, or call on me.

H. R. HUNTER,
Hertford, N. C.

BEST WORK,
Best Marble,
Best Granite.



All should know that the C. B. Mason Marble Co. of Elizabeth City, are carrying one of the largest lines of work in the State. Don't buy until you see Mr. Mason—He will always make it to your interest—He is the man.

C. B. MASON MARBLE CO.
Nos. 59 and 61 Poindexter St.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

A. W. HAFF,
Successor to
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WHOLESALE COMMISSION DEALER.

In Fresh Fish Lobsters
Etc. Etc
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK,
North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
Agents.
GEO. W. BELL,
Gun-Smith.

Do you Want
To Sell
Your Home.

Then put a fair price on it and I'll do the rest. There are lots of people who would buy it if they could see its desirable points as I A. C. Hathaway the Real Estate man can describe them.

My office is Hathaway's jewelry store on Poindexter, St. Call on or write me.

C. W. Parson & Son,
Wholesale & Retail dealer in,
Fancy Groceries,
Fruit & Produce,
Leaders in Low Prices.
Elizabeth City, N. C.

Weak Hearts

Are due to Indigestion. Ninety-nine of every one hundred people who have heart trouble can remember when it was simple indigestion. It is a scientific fact that all cases of heart disease, not organic, are not only traceable to, but are the direct result of indigestion. All food taken into the stomach which fails of perfect digestion ferments and swells the stomach, puffing it up against the heart. This interferes with the action of the heart, and in the course of time that delicate but vital organ becomes diseased.

Mr. D. Kauble, of Nevada, O., says: I had stomach trouble and was in a bad state as I had heart trouble with it. I took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure for about four months and it cured me.

Kodol Digests What You Eat

and relieves the stomach of all nervous strain and the heart of all pressure.

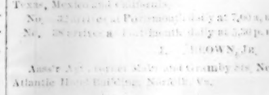
Bottles only. $1.00 Size holding 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50c.

Prepared by E. O. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO.

SEABOARD
AIR LINE RAILWAY.

SHORT LINE TO PRINCIPAL CITIES OF THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST, FLORIDA, CUBA, TEXAS CALIFORNIA AND MEXICO. REACHING THE CAPITALS OF SIX STATES.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT
April 12th. 1903



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KIDNEY DISEASES

are the most fatal of all diseases.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE Is a Guaranteed Remedy

or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder troubles.

PRICE 50c. and $1.00.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Nature Lends A
Helping Hand.

[illegible] Pinkham Compound [illegible] Vegetable Compound [illegible] Lydia E. Pinkham [illegible] President of the Va. Medical Society [illegible] cured thousands suffering with diseases such as: Inflammation [illegible] Kidney and Bladder troubles, Female Complaints, Nervousness, and all forms of stomach trouble.

This wonderful [illegible] remedy as it comes from the roots and herbs [illegible] and was discovered by Lydia E. Pinkham [illegible] Sold with a guarantee to cure [illegible] or money refunded. Write [illegible] for free book.

For sale by all the principal druggists and merchants [illegible] and advertising circulars.

For further information, address,

J. M. ECHOLS CO.,
Lynchburg, Va.

HERE THEY "R."

Good and fresh and world having the best [illegible] handling them gives us the best [illegible]

"Delicious, Appetizing, Excellent, Reliable."

are some of the exclamations about the table delicacies we sell. All [illegible]

OLD & FEARING,
GROCERS.
PHONE 112 FLORA BUILDING, MAIN STREET.

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THE
NORTH
CAROLINIAN
PAYS.
JOB WORK A SPECIALTY.

THE CAROLINIAN $1.00 PER YEAR

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.
Seven Million Boxes sold in past 12 months.
This signature, E. W. Grove
Cures Grip in Two Days.
on every box. 25c.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

THURSDAY, SEPT. 3 1903

M. C. S. NOBLE,
MOREHEAD DUNSTAN,

Prices Reasonable. Work [illegible] antood. Office N. E. cor. Main and Poindexter street.

E. M. [illegible] N. E. WORTH.

PERKINS & WORTH,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Practice in State and Federal Courts. Collections given prompt attention.

RBICK!

A word to you who are building. Everybody needing brick wants a good quality—and a little of it will wear and last. The [illegible] for [illegible] purposes made into [illegible] and [illegible] Orders [illegible] Address H. G. [illegible] City, N. C.

WANTED.

A [illegible] trade for Piano or [illegible] Wanted for Country [illegible] must be a good animal.

Address, Ames and Burk, Dealers in Pianos and Organs, 169 Main Street,

Hartford, Ct.

Money Loaned on approved [illegible] city or farm property collected anywhere in the United States or Canada. Apply to

EDMUND ALEXANDER,

Attorney-at-Law and Manager of The Carolina Collecting agency.

Rooms No. 3 and 4, Academy of Music,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

We invite you to inspect the Cash Credit system of Clothing, by which we are now [illegible] of Mr. L. M. Jackson [illegible]

The Duke Co-operative Laundry

[illegible] Main St.

Electrical Supply Dealers and Constructors, Dynamos, Motors, Accumulators, Telephones, Motors & Generators.

J. D. HATHAWAY.

Attention given to Refractive defects of the eye, difficult and complicated cases a specialty.

No. Poindexter, St.

LOCAL NOTES.

Mr. [illegible] Scott left Monday for school.

Mr. [illegible] N. Davis spent Friday night in Hertford.

[illegible] will [illegible] Concert [illegible] in our town Monday

Mr. W. T. Campen of Hertford was in town Saturday on business.

Mr. Walter Henry, National Bank examiner has been in our city this week.

Messrs C. O. Reed & J. R. McMullan of Hertford spent Monday in our city.

We hope our friends will pardon us for our paper appearing as it does this issue but it was unavoidable on account of sickness.

Rev. T. W. Babb will deliver a lecture on temperance in this town on Monday night the 7th.

The family of J. C. Commander arrived from Nags Head Monday, where they have been spending the summer.

Miss Lucy Gregory leaves to-day for Raleigh, to resume her studies at the Baptist Female University.

Mr. Forbes of Jarvisburg and Miss Mira Davis of this city was united in marriage Wednesday, we wish them a long and happy life.

We are sorry to announce the death of Mr. Jas. W. Greene of Baltimore who died at his home in that city on the 29th. Mr. Greene was well known in this town having lived here a number of years.

Next Sunday night Rev. C. [illegible] Duke will discuss from his pulpit the "Seventh Commandment." He assures us that he will discuss this delicate theme in a manner that [illegible] to a mixed audience [illegible] every one who can be present.

[illegible] Bartlett, the popular [illegible] of our local plant wishes to [illegible] and the public to know [illegible] on account of the [illegible] of his business caused by closing down of the Bay [illegible] he has been unable to meet the demands of the public during the past ten days for ice, but has done his best under the circumstances, having brought ice from Hertford to be able to supply the public.

A Thoughtful Man.

M. M. Austin of Winchester, Ind., knew what to do in the hour of need. His wife had such an unusual case of stomach and liver trouble, physicians could not help her. He thought of and used Dr. King's New Life Pills and she got relief at once and was finally cured. Only 25c at all Druggists.

Candidate Gorman announces Tariff reform as the issue and the Sugar Trust picks up its ears in pleasurable anticipation.—Brooklyn "Standard Union."

More foreign trade has claimed over that "Chinese wall," the Dingley Tariff, than ever came into the country through open gates. And it is still climbing.—Kansas City "Journal."

Makes A Clean Sweep.

There's nothing like doing a thing thoroughly. Of all the Slays you ever heard of, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best. It sweeps away and cures Burns, Sores, Bruises, Cuts, Boils, Ulcers, Skin Eruptions and Piles. It's only 25c, and guaranteed to give satisfaction by all Druggists.

There are [illegible] in the savings banks of the country, a sum sufficient to buy practically all the stock of all the railroads in the United States worth buying at present prices.

Teachers wish to prepare for examinations should write at once to Prof. L. G. GRAHAM, L. L. D., 152-154 Randolph Building, Memphis, Tenn. for particulars concerning his special Teacher's Examination Course.

This course is taught by mail, and prepares Teachers for examination in every State in the Union. Leading educators pronounced it the best course ever offered to the Teaching profession and all Teachers wishing to advance in their profession should immediately avail themselves of it. Enclose stamp for reply.

As a rule, the farmers who have been receiving such high prices for all the products of the farm are opposed to ripping the Tariff as a means of business, and the absorption of agricultural and manufactured products was never so great." How different is the absorption of Protection and the absorption of free trade. The former absorbs products, the latter absorbs producers.

Take Laxative Bromo Quenine Tablets. All Druggist refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box 25c.

Industrial Absorption.

Said Senator Depew in London last week speaking of our prosperity: "The railroads have never done so much getting at the trusts.—Des Moines "Capital."

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure No Pay. 50c.

Guilty.

The Springfield 'Republican' thinks the 'high Tariff is now on trial, as never before, as the great causative and saving factor in the business prosperity of the nation."

The verdict will be "Guilty." The high Tariff is, without question or extenuating circumstances, "the causative and saving factor in the business prosperity of the nation."

Robbed The Grave.

A startling incident, is narrated by John Oliver of Philadelphia, as follows: "I was in an awful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Then I was advised to use Electric Bitters; to my great joy, the first bottle made a decided improvemen. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I known they robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at all drug stores.

We need at once a few more Teachers for Fall schools. Good positions are being filled daily by us. We are receiving more calls this year than ever before. Schools and colleges supplied with Teachers free of cost. Enclose stamp for reply.

AMERICAN TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.
J. L. Graham, L. L. D., Manager,
152-154 Randolph Building,
Memphis, Tenn.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

New Humorist Moralizes on Big Families and Life in Brooklyn—Comments on New York's Mayor Joining "After Dinner Hot Air Brigade," Confesses That Running a Hotel Is a "Cinch."

With a banquet in the Waldorf-Astoria at New York the other night the annual meeting of the American Newspaper Publishers' association was brought to a close. The most lively interest was manifested in the speech of Simeon Ford, New York's new after-dinner humorist, who, in responding to the toast "How Much Easier It Is to Run a Newspaper Than a Hotel," evoked great laughter and applause, says the New York Herald.

"In my time I have come up against a few editors, a handful of reporters and several million advertising solicitors," he said, "but the publisher is a new one to me. I don't even know what a publisher does for a living. I suppose the editor supplies the brains, the reporter the imagination and an occasional fact and the solicitor the dough, and I assume that the publisher is the man who mixes all these things together and produces the newspaper.

"I am not altogether pleased with the toast assigned me. In the first place, it is embarrassing to have attention called to the fact that I am a hotel man, especially when I had hoped to pass among the out of town guests as a plutocrat. Of course hotels, like newspapers, are necessary evils, but so pointed an allusion to my business makes it look as if I was trying to work in a free ad, and that after my lecture I might be expected to pass around among the audience disposing of my photographs.

"There are several toasts in the list which would suit me better—for example, 'The Size of Our Families.' There is a subject I know something about and upon which I could wax eloquent! Being a hotel keeper,

"I could a tale unfold whose lightest word would curdle each hair to stand on end like quills upon the fretful porcupine.

"A number of our local publishers live along the line of a railroad whose sole virtue is that its New York terminus is immediately opposite my barroom door. The railroad is so conducted that passengers alighting therefrom at one week oblivion and surcease of sorrow. Now, I claim to carry a very choice line of oblivion and, as for my fine old vatted surcease of sorrow, one swallow does not make a summer, but four or five will produce an early spring or possibly a late fall.

"Commercial [illegible] is all right—'What Shall We Do With Our Sons?' although I think 'What Shall Our Sons Do With Us?' would have been better. Professor Eliot of Harvard and his strenuousness, President Roosevelt [illegible] to the effect that we should at once return to the good old fashioned habit of having twelve or fifteen children. I use the word 'habit' advisedly.

"I often [illegible] those [illegible] theorists had had a quiet heart to heart talk with the mistress of the house, they never would have sprung this national outside rag on us. Personally I am not losing any sleep over the question of whether the people of the United States are to be self-[illegible] in a few generations or not. Posterity, not having done much for us, will have to shift for itself as far as I am concerned. Man must select himself to the mechanistic. If Cornelius Vibt were to start out with twelve or fifteen children looking for a flat in this city, he'd mighty soon change his views and take to keeping canaries or else move over to Brooklyn.

"Speaking of Brooklyn reminds me of the mayor. Some man who recently achieved fame by publicly stating that the mayor and he were schoolboys together. There's nothing so wonderful about that! Somebody had to go to school with the mayor. He couldn't expect to have a school all to himself. I never went to school with him, but I've played tag and stillponds no moving and button-button who's got the ring on the plate at with him, and at that time he was just a plain boy like the rest of us, and when his mother opened the front window and hollered he had to break away and go in or get licked just the same as we did.

"We never dreamed at that time that he would grow up and acquire the mayor habit. He showed no symptoms of it. But time works great changes. And while he grew up and became twice mayor of Brooklyn, then president of Columbia college and later the mayor of our Greater New York fortune frowned on me, and I've had to work for every cent I've got. Nothing fits a man better for life's struggles than a boyhood spent in Brooklyn. After living in Brooklyn all other ironships and privations seem trivial. I spent nine years there, and I expect to spend several more, as I own a lot in Greenwood cemetery.

"And now the mayor, not content with all these honors which he has achieved, has joined the after dinner hot air brigade and is trying to take the bread out of the mouths of hard-working orators like me and Job Hedges.

"I don't know that it is 'Easier to Run a Newspaper Than a Hotel,' I only know that running a hotel is a cinch. As I have often said, all a landlord has to do is to open his hotel, and the boarders will kin him if to run it."

THE UNIVERSITY,
OF NORTH CAROLINA.
Academic Department,
Law, Medicine,
Pharmacy.

One hundred and eight scholarships. Free tuition to teachers and to sons of ministers. Loans for the needy.

603 students. 66 Instructors.

New Dormitories. Water Works. Central Heating System. Library 40,000 volumes.

Fall term, academic and professional departments, begins Sept. 7, 1903. Address

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Blackstone Female Institute.

MOTTO: {THOROUGH INSTRUCTION UNDER POSITIVE CHRISTIAN INFLUENCES AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE COST.

The Aim At Blackstone is to make of the girls sent there healthy, helpful, happy women.

Aids to Success Modern brick building, with electric lights, water on every floor, best methods of heating and sanitation, campus of 25 acres; faculty of 23, trained in the best schools, all living in the building with the girls; unusual advantages in music; normal department for the training of teachers; cheerful, wholesome christian influence.

Proofs of Success (1) A continuous extraordinary growth (from 29 to 225 boarders in nine years), every place taken every year, total enrollment last session 291. (2) Hundreds of young ladies and their parents are enthusiastic witnesses. (3) Students enter classes of the Randolph-Macon Woman's College on our certificate without examination.

For Catalogue and Application Blank, address

Rev. JAMES CANNON, Jr., Principal,
BLACKSTONE, VA.

For the session of 1903-04 twenty scholarships, worth $75. each, will be given to those young ladies who are found to be suitably prepared, and who are willing to assist in the housekeeping department of the school, in order to help defray their expenses.

Littleton Female College

One of the most prosperous schools in the South, with a high standard of scholarship, located at a very popular Summer Resort, and with a large patronage from nine states, extending from New Jersey to Florida—an institution that is doing a great work.

We will take a limited number of pupils, including

Board and Full Literary Tuition for $52.90

per term on eighteen weeks basis. For application to

REV. J. M. RHODES, A. M., Pres. Littleton, N. C.

Atlantic Collegiate Institute
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

A High Grade School for both sexes. Largest and oldest school in Eastern North Carolina. Five courses of study.

Classical, English, College, Preparatory, Business, Music.

Eleven Instructors. Enrollment past year 206. Twenty-fifth Annual Session opens September 21st, 1903. Write for catalogue.

S. L. SHEEP, President.

ALBEMARLE HIGH SCHOOL.
'INCORPORATED,' Elizabeth City, N. C.
Fall Term Begins, September 14th, 1903.

Organized with view to having an up-to-date preparatory school for both sexes. Strong financial backing. College trained teachers to be in charge of School. Tuition rates reasonable: instruction in all Common School and Academic branches. Courses so arranged as to afford preparation for College. Music to be taught by a competent teacher.

A Methodist School, but non-sectarian in spirit.

School to be taught during coming year in the Albemarle House on Main Street.

For further information, Call on, or address,

W. A. BIVINS, A. B. Principal.

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STATE NORMLA AND INDUSTRIAL COLLEGE.
COURSES

Literary, Classical, Scientific, Pedagogical, Commercial, Domestic Science, Manuel Training, Music

Five courses leading to Diplomas. Advanced courses leading to Degrees. Well equipped Practice and Observation School. Faculty numbers 48. Board, laundry, tuition, and fees for use of text books, etc., $140 a year. For non-residents of the State $60. Twelfth annual session begins September 15, 1903. To secure board in the dormitories all free-tuition applications should be made before July 15th. Correspondence invited from those desiring competent teachers and stenographers. For catalogue and other information address

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GREENSBORO, N. C.

WANTED, 500,000 Bushells of WHITE SCUPPERNONG GRAPES and to finished our winery at Norfolk, Va. of two million gallons capacity. Which will be in operation by September 1st. For terms and prices apply to our Agents at shipping points or to.

Garrett & Co.
Weldon, N. C.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work"

Foley's Kidney Cure

Cures All Kidney and Bladder Diseases

Foley's Kidney Cure will positively cure any case of Kidney or Bladder disease that is not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more.

If you notice any irregularities, commence taking *Foley's Kidney Cure* at once and avoid a fatal malady.

A Merchant Cured After Having Given Up Hope.

Foley & Co., Chicago.

Gentlemen:—I was afflicted with Kidney and Bladder trouble for six years and had tried numerous preparations without getting any relief and had given up hope of ever being cured when FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE was recommended to me. After using one bottle I could feel the effect of it, and after taking six fifty-cent bottles, I was cured of Kidney and Bladder trouble and have not felt so well for the past twenty years and I owe it to FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE. James Smith, Benton's Ferry, W. Va.

A Veteran of the Civil War Cured After Ten Years of Suffering.

R. A. Cray, J.P., of Oakville, Ind., writes:—"Most of the time for ten years I was confined to my bed with some disease of the kidneys. It was so severe I could not move part of the time. I consulted the best medical skill available, but got no relief until FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE was recommended to me. I am grateful to be able to say that it entirely cured me."

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Telegraph Office Hours.

WEEKLY.

Open; 7-30 a. m. Close 9 a. m.

SUNDAY.

8 to 9 a. m. 1 to 2:30 to 6 p. m.

J. D. Sykes, Manager.

AT THE FIRST SIGN:

That your eyes need attention, you should visit us at once. It may mean blindness if you persist in thinking it is nothing, and therefore not worth your time to attend to it. It will only take a little of your time and money to have me test your eyes and fit you properly.

You should not postpone this important matter another day as there is many a man blind to-day for the simple reason that he insisted on putting the matter off until it was too late.

I also carry a full line of jewelry, watches, silverware &c. Besure to call on me.

THE JEWLER and OPTICIAN,
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Raleigh, - - - - - N. C.

That House" sent on receipt of ten cents in stamps to pay postage.

WILL YOU RIDE!

IF SO COME TO US, FOR A

BUGGY.

Every piece of material that goes into one of our vehicles is the very best. We have a reputation for fine work, and we give our patrons the worth of their money.

Elizabeth City Buggy Company

FOR HARNESS and Saddle Sores Mexican Mustang Liniment will just what you need. It takes effect at once, and you will be astonished to see how quickly it heals sores.

It's this way:

You can burn yourself with Fire, with Powder, etc., or you can scald yourself with Steam or Hot Water, but there is only one proper way to cure a burn or scald and that is by using

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

It gives immediate relief. Get a piece of soft old linen cloth, saturate it with this liniment and bind loosely upon the wound. You can have no adequate idea what an excellent remedy this is for a burn until you have tried it.

A FOWL TIP. If you have a bird infected with Roup or any other poultry disease use Mexican Mustang Liniment. It is called a STANDARD remedy by poultry breeders.

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Successor to John H. Ziegler.
Undertakers' supplies,
From the cheapest to the best. All telegrams promptly attended to.
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when desired. The finest hearse in this section. Rosewood, Walnut Cloth-covered and Metalic Casket as Specialty. All kinds of Cabinet work done.

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Keenest razors, Best Hones and Straps, and most accomplished Artists to be found in the city.
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Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic
has stood the test, 25 years. Average annual sales over One and a Half Million bottles. Does this record of merit appeal to you? No Cure, No Pay. 50c.
Enclosed with every bottle is a Ten Cent Package of GROVE'S BLACK ROOT LIVER PILLS.

It has been found, through extended experiments, that Rhodesia can produce first class cotton, which will command the highest price in Liverpool.

Only one medical student in twelve holds a degree in arts. N. Y.—36

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

The sluggard may go to the ant, but the mosquito will meet him more than half way.

We are so certain of the wonderful results obtained from Johnson's Happy Pills for the curing of malaria, chills and fever or liver complaints, any one sending a two-cent stamp and this notice to the Happy Medicine Co., West Brighton, S. I., will receive a box free.

The opinion we have of ourselves is never so valuable as the opinion other people have of us.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

When a woman begins to pay full fare for her children she realizes that she is getting along in years.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

It sometimes cost more to accept a favor than reject it.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to light and washing.

The good die young, especially good resolutions.

Miss Gannon, Sec'y Detroit Amateur Art Association, tells young women what to do to avoid pain and suffering caused by female troubles.

"I can conscientiously recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to those of my sisters suffering with female weakness and the troubles which so often befall women. I suffered for months with general weakness and felt so weary that I had hard work to keep up. I had shooting pains and was utterly miserable. In my distress I was advised to use **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, and it was a red letter day to me when I took the first dose, for at that time my restoration began. In six weeks I was a changed woman, perfectly well in every respect. I felt so elated and happy that I want all women who suffer to get well as I did."—MISS GUILA GANNON, 359 Jones St., Detroit, Corresponding Sec'y Mich. Amateur Art Association.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

It is clearly shown in this young lady's letter that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will surely cure the sufferings of women; and when one considers that Miss Gannon's letter is only one of hundreds which we have, the great virtue of Mrs. Pinkham's medicine must be admitted by all. ●

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TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT. TRADE MARK. REGISTERED.

"Not a poisonous, drastic cathartic," but an *agreeable, effervescent stomach cleanser.* It acts gently on the liver and kidneys and keeps the bowels in healthy action, thus promoting *good complexions, clear brains* and *healthy bodies.* Used by American Physicians for 68 years.

50c. and $1.00

At Druggists or by mail from

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W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3 SHOES UNION MADE.

You can save from $3 to $5 yearly by wearing W. L. Douglas $3.50 or $3 shoes.

They equal those that have been costing you from $4.00 to $5.00. The immense sale of W. L. Douglas shoes proves their superiority over all other makes.

Sold by retail shoe dealers everywhere. Look for name and price on bottom.

That Douglas uses Corona Colt proves there is value in Douglas shoes. Corona is the highest grade Pat. Leather made. *Last color lyes stained.*

Our $4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

Shoes by mail, 25 cents extra. Illustrated Catalog free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

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Poor man! He can't help it. He gets bilious. He needs a good liver pill—Ayer's Pills. They act directly on the liver, cure biliousness. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

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For the Farmer, thousands of acres of rich agricultural land are yet open for settlement.

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For the Business Man, the growing cities and towns of the West are daily offering unequalled opportunities for investment of capital and location of industries which are unsurpassed by older sections of the United States.

Write for copy of pamphlet, **"Business Opening on the Union Pacific."**

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I PAY SPOT CASH FOR MILITARY BOUNTY LAND WARRANTS

issued to soldiers of any war. Write me at once. FRANK H. REGER, Barth Block, Denver, Colo.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS. 25 CTS.

WANTED: A SYMPATHETIC STRIKE.

A FREE TRADE PLAINT

FAULT FOUND WITH THE BUREAU OF STATISTICS.

Yet the Figures Sent Out by the Department of Commerce and Labor Simply Show Real Conditions of Country's Industrial Progress.

The Springfield Republican is greatly exercised over the bulletins sent out by the Bureau of Statistics, which has now been transferred from the Treasury Department to the Department of Commerce and Labor. The Republican does not attempt to impugn the accuracy or truth of the information sent out, its only objection being, apparently, that the bulletins help the cause of protection by chronicling the prosperous condition of the country, as shown in both our foreign and home commerce. It says: "These Government specials to the newspapers average two or three a week, and as high tariff preachments they are not excelled by anything the American Protective Tariff League is doing." That is both high praise for the Department and in itself the fullest possible vindication of the wisdom of the framers of the Dingley law.

The articles sent out once or twice a week by Mr. Austin are summaries for the most part of our foreign commerce and our internal trade. They are generally actual figures, with once in a while the figures for a single month estimated, but always very conservatively. Almost since the very beginning of the Government it has been thought a matter of wisdom to give to the country the fullest possible statistics concerning our trade, particularly our foreign trade. For the past half century have these figures been given out quite in detail, and there is no one but the most hopeless pessimist who will not acknowledge that such information is not only instructive but almost invaluable. If, then, such figures are worth while to collect and print once a year, as is done in the "Statistical Abstract," or once a month, as is done in the "Summary of Commerce and Finance," then surely a weekly or even a daily gathering of similar figures must be both interesting and of value to all those concerned.

As regards the "promotion of the high tariff propaganda," the honest figures of the country's industrial advance during the last five years must tend to that very end. Mr. Austin does not manufacture his figures or his facts; he simply compiles and reports them, as he finds them on the official or authoritative records. As the Republican says: "These figures are spread out in specially prepared articles and mailed to the press for publication on a specified day." This is true, and a large portion of the press of the country feel deeply indebted to Mr. Austin and his associates for this work. The busy editor has neither the means nor the time to collect these figures and present them to his readers as he would like to. The Bureau of Statistics is intended for the very purpose, and the result of its work is the property of the public. The disloyal papers which do not want to publish anything reflecting credit upon their country will leave them alone; the papers who are proud of their country's record in industry as well as war publish them, or a part of them, as they see fit.

Evidently the Republican man is mad clear through because the country did not go to the demnition bow wows during the late decline in stocks. He no doubt had his famous editorial, "I told you so," all ready, and being left high and dry by a flurry instead of a panic, he, of course, must get even somewhere, and so he goes for Mr. Austin and the "high tariff propaganda." A newspaper that finds fault with the publications of honest facts and figures calling attention to the progress of the country, either in its foreign or domestic trade, no matter from what sources or for what purpose the figures emanate and are promulgated, is not to be appeased by anything short of absolute free trade and the most panicky of panics that could possibly follow. The figures sent out from Washington to the newspapers are not like the weather reports, which are purely guesswork, or the crop reports, which are not absolute, but simply estimates founded upon certain conditions. On the contrary, these figures of trade and commerce are actual reports of accomplishment, and for that reason cannot be considered in any way as promoting any fiscal policy. When our balance of trade is six hundred millions we are told so, and when it falls below four hundred millions we are told that. We are simply told the truth in each and every case, no matter what it is or what brought it about or what will be its effect, and every impartial, honest editor in the country, as well as every loyal reader, has nothing but thanks to express to the Department and to the statistician who furnishes us with these interesting figures and facts concerning our industrial progress.

Prayer of the Convert.

A South Sea Islander, at the close of a religious meeting, offered the following prayer: "O God, we are about to go to our respective homes. Let not the words we have heard be like the fine clothes we wear, soon to be taken off and folded up in a box till another Sabbath comes round. Rather, let Thy truth be like the tattoo on our bodies, ineffaceable till death."—Carleton's Magazine.

American Machinery in Demand.

American machinery for sinking wells is in demand in all foreign oil fields.

THE VICE OF RECIPROCITY.

Unfair, Unwise, Impolitic and Absolutely Immoral.

The inherent vice in the majority of proposals for reciprocity is demonstrated anew by the action of the French Legislature. A heavy additional tax was levied upon American salted meats during the last days of the session; and now the official intimation is given that the action was taken for the express purpose of coercing the United States into making a reciprocal arrangement with France by which French goods are to be admitted into the markets of this country at lower duties than are charged upon imports from other countries.

As the price for giving American goods the same treatment in France as are given the goods of other countries we are requested to give French goods a preference in the United States over the goods of countries which do not discriminate against the United States. We are invited to buy off present discrimination against us by discriminating against countries which at present treat us fairly. It would seem that a mere statement of the policy is sufficient to condemn it.

France has a double tariff, the maximum and the minimum. It applies its maximum tariff to the goods of such countries as it desires to coerce into giving it special privileges. The hint as to the proper method of effecting a reciprocal arrangement with France is contained in this. We should try the French system. The countries which admit our goods on equal terms with the goods of the countries with which we compete should have the benefit of a minimum tariff as a matter of course. The countries which impose special discriminating duties against American goods should be compelled to pay maximum rates of duty in the United States. This would be fair play all around. But the proposition to buy off discrimination by granting special privileges which would operate to discriminate against countries which now treat us fairly, is more than unfair and impolitic. It is absolutely immoral.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

Our Unyielding Prosperity.

Said Governor Cummins in his address to bankers at Davenport, Iowa, on July 29:

"You can help to refute the greatest fallacy of the age, which is that because we are prosperous under certain laws those laws will keep us prosperous."

The Governor would never have made a good physician. The medicine given to make a man well and strong he would discard under the theory that something else was needed to keep the patient well. We almost suspect the Governor of sinister motives, for he certainly cannot believe in his own doctrine. Perhaps he wants the country to get sick again. This continued prosperity is most tantalizing to the pessimistic free trader.

Cheap Food Drivel.

A letter to the Boston Transcript from London says "the tide seems running swiftly in Chamberlain's favor." The free traders are no longer able to draw about them the mantle of Cobden, but are compelled to meet arguments. Things have reached such a stage in England that a man may now express the opinion that there is something else to be said on the subject of tariff than the drivel about the cheap loaf. It is beginning to be seen that no matter how cheap the loaf may be it is too dear for the British people when thirty per cent. of them are admitted to be hovering within the border line of actual starvation. The question now raised is, How can work be had for these starving millions, and not how dear will bread be? — San Francisco Chronicle.

WANTED AN EYE FOR EACH.

Young Clerk's Close Watch Without Its Proper Reward.

"It is my duty to warn you," said one of the two well dressed women who had just sidled up to the counter, "that my sister is a confirmed kleptomaniac. You must watch her most carefully."

"Thank you, madam," said the polite clerk. "I will keep her under close observation."

For some twenty minutes the young man kept his eyes glued upon the lady he had been warned against, but at last the ladies left the shop without any purchase having been made. Still, the smart young man congratulated himself upon the fact that the kleptomaniac had not klepped anything worth mentioning that time, at least.

Then another customer approached. "Why did you watch that lady so closely?" she queried.

"Kleptomaniac," said the smart young man. "Her sister warned me."

"Oh!" was the reply. "I should think it must be in the family. I noticed that sister take a roll of silk and two cards of your best lace."

Then that smart young man retired to the darkest corner of the shop and kicked himself.

Pitch In and Win.

We need assistance and hereby offer a large reward for a dictionary containing half a dozen rhymes for "elk." Rhymes for "deer," "moose," "rhinoceros" and "elephant" will not do.—Baltimore News.

Visible Proof.

Simkins—"It is reported that De Blank is leading a double life."

Timkins—"The report is correct. I was one of the witnesses to his marriage."

U. S. CONSUL WAS NOT SLAIN

Bullets Fired at Mr. Magelssen at Beirut Did Not Touch Him.

ORDERS TO WARSHIPS STAND

President Wishes to Have an American Squadron in Turkish Waters Owing to the Disturbances in the Empire — Report of Death of Vice-Consul Due to Amber Error—Attack Premeditated.

Constantinople, Turkey. — It transpires that the report that United States Vice-Consul Magelssen was killed at Beirut is incorrect. An unknown individual fired at him and the bullets passed close to the Vice-Consul, but did not touch him.

The Vali of Beirut afterward visited Vice-Consul Magelssen, expressed his regret for the outrage, and ordered measures for the arrest of the perpetrator.

The error in stating that Mr. Magelssen had been killed rose from a mistake in a cipher telegram.

Washington, D. C.—A decidedly new turn in the case of United States Vice-Consul William C. Magelssen at Beirut, Syria, who was reported to have been assassinated Sunday, developed when it became known that the report was incorrect, and that although Mr. Magelssen had been shot at he had not even been injured.

This information came to the State Department in a dispatch from United States Minister Leishman at Constantinople, who said the mistake in making the original announcement was due to an error in the transmission of the cipher dispatch from Consul Ravndal, at Beirut, in reporting the incident to the Minister.

The dispatch from the Minister was communicated at once to the President at Oyster Bay. The dispatch was extremely gratifying to the officials of the Government here.

Acting Secretary Loomis declined to make public the text of Minister Leishman's dispatch, but he gave a summary of its contents. As stated in the press dispatch, it shows that Mr. Magelssen was shot at by some unknown person, but was not hit. The local Turkish officials were prompt to express their regret at the occurrence, and are exerting themselves to apprehend the would-be assassin, but thus far have been unsuccessful.

The Minister's dispatch also said that Consul Ravndal had reported to him that some of the foreign Consuls at Beirut had reported to their governments that the situation at that place had become exceedingly unsafe, that this condition of affairs had existed for some time, and that something ought to be done to relieve the tension. The opinion was expressed that the attempted assassination of Mr. Magelssen would probably bring matters to a focus.

Oyster Bay, N. Y.—President Roosevelt was informed of the incorrectness of the report that Vice-Consul Magelssen had been assassinated. The President expressed gratification that Mr. Magelssen had escaped without injury.

He announced, however, that no change at present would be made in the plans of this Government, and that the European squadron, which he ordered to proceed immediately to Beirut, would continue to its ordered destination.

It can be said that the President and Secretary of State Hay both regard it advisable, in view of the present state of unrest in Turkey, to have American war vessels in Turkish waters.

For a long time President Roosevelt and Mr. Hay were in conference at Sagamore Hill. They discussed every suggested phase of the situation in Turkey. At the conclusion of the conference Secretary Hay announced his intention of returning immediately to Washington.

It can be said that it is the purpose of President Roosevelt to afford American citizens in the disturbed provinces of Turkey all the protection possible. For that reason and for others which may develop in a short time the decision is reached that no change will at present be made in the orders to the European squadron. Admiral Cotton will proceed with his vessels to Turkish waters with the idea of fully safeguarding Americans and American interests.

New York City.—In response to a telegram of inquiry regarding the reported assassination of Vice-Consul Magelssen at Beirut, Mr. Freyer, Treasurer of the Board of the Presbyteran Mission at Beirut, has cabled as follows:

"Although the attack made on Vice-Consul Magelssen was evidently premeditated, the bullets missed him and he escaped uninjured. FREYER."

CHICAGO AS AN "ADAMLESS EDEN."

Windy City Rapidly Losing Male Population to Grim Reaper.

Chicago.—The papers of this city are pointing out that Chicago is in danger of becoming an "Adamless Eden." That this menace is borne out by the increasing excess of males over female deaths is strengthened by the bills of mortality for the week. There were 483 deaths reported, exactly the same as for the previous week. Of these 291 were males and 192 were females—an excess of fifty per cent. in male deaths. In 1901 this excess was 23.4 per cent.; in 1902 it was 29.5 per cent.; during the first six months of this year it was 27.4 per cent., and now fifty per cent. more males than females are dying.

Takes Her Fifth Husband.

Married five times within twenty-five years, a widow once, divorced three times, and now a bride, is the record of Mrs. Mary L. Muir-Thompson-Colvin-Neal-Conway-Smith, of Ohio Falls, a suburb of Jeffersonville, Ind. Mrs. Smith is not over fifty years old.

Quit a "Hoodooed" Mine.

Because of continued disasters, resulting in loss of life, 100 men have quit work in the Treadwell mine, on Douglas Island, Alaska. The men intimate that the property is "hoodooed."

The National Game.

Lush is playing wonderful ball for Detroit.

Keeler has apparently regained his batting eye.

Binghamton has released outfielder Smith for light hitting.

Joe Kelley, of the Cincis, is one of the best general players in the country.

Pitcher Doheny has been permitted by Manager Clarke to rejoin the Pirates.

Ed Greminger is playing great ball for Boston, hitting hard and covering third finely.

Long Tom Hughes is one of the five great pitchers who recovered the use of a broken arm.

Kittredge has made his first error in thirty games with Washington. He accepted 148 chances.

The New York League Club has purchased pitcher Leon Ames from the Ilion Club of the New York League.

Acting Manager Wagner, of Pittsburg, predicts that Veil will some day be one of the League's star pitchers.

Jiggs Donahue, the first baseman of the Milwaukee Association Club, has been sold to the Chicago White Stockings

VESUVIUS SPOUTS FIRE

Volcano Belches Forth a Great Stream of Lava and Stones.

Side of the Mountain Opens Out — Superstitious Neapolitans Want Professor Krull Expelled.

Naples, Italy.—The people of Naples and the environs witnessed a remarkable spectacle at noon a few days ago. One thousand feet below the central cone of Vesuvius the volcano opened like a huge mouth, out of which belched a fiery stream of lava, which ran down the side of the mountain and at first seemed to menace the observatory. This building, however, is protected in the direction of the stream by a mound of lava 200 feet high, which was thrown out during the eruptions of 1895 and 1900.

The eruption occurred without any warning whatever. There was no earthquake, detonation or rain of ashes—nothing but a clear stream of lava and red-hot stones, which were thrown to a height of 700 feet, producing an extremely beautiful effect seen from Naples. The stream of lava, which was fifteen feet broad, at 11 o'clock p. m. had covered a distance of 2700 feet. It deviated later from the direction of the observatory, which is no longer menaced. The only danger is for the new electric tramway up the volcano, which, however, has thus far not been touched. The eruption already seems to be decreasing, and it is hoped that no damage will result from it.

The spectators far enough away not to be frightened stood entranced at the spectacle, but those nearer to the volcano were seized with panic when the eruption began and rushed down from the sides of the mountain and from the adjacent country to the villages of Portici and Resina, which are built over the ruins of Herculaneum. The alarm in these villages was somewhat quieted by the Mayors affixing notices declaring that there was no danger and exhorting the people to remain calm.

The Chief of Police of Naples has gone personally to make a tour of the villages around Vesuvius in order to reassure the peasants and superintend any measures of protection which may be deemed necessary. The superstitious lower classes are agitating for the expulsion of Professor Krull, of Munich, who predicted the eruption, saying that he has the "evil eye."

TOM JOHNSON FOR GOVERNOR.

Named by the Ohio Democrats in State Convention at Columbus.

Columbus, Ohio.—At the Democratic State Convention here Mayor Tom L. Johnson, of Cleveland, was named for Governor and John H. Clarke, of Cleveland, was indorsed for United States Senator. Although the opposition obstructed the proceedings with minority reports for some hours, the name of John L. Zimmerman, of Springfield, was not presented for the nomination for Governor, and every nomination on the State ticket was made by acclamation.

A platform indorsing the Kansas City declaration of William Jennings Bryan was adopted, and a special resolution asking Mr. Bryan to speak during the campaign was also passed.

The declarations upon national questions are as follows:

"Assembled in convention at Columbus, preparatory to the State election of 1903, we, the Democrats of Ohio, reaffirming the declaration on national issues in our platform of 1902, adopted at Sandusky, hereby renew our allegiance to the Democratic party of the nation, and again avow our devotion to the principles of its last national platform. We accordingly condemn colonialism and imperialism, denounce trusts and trust fostering tariffs, repudiate government by injunction, and oppose financial monopoly, together with every other legalized monopoly and legalized privilege. Adhering to these principles of the Kansas City platform, we repeat our condemnation of all efforts to renounce or ignore them.

"Until United States Senators are required by amendment of the Federal Constitution to be elected by popular vote nominations of candidates for United States Senator should be made by State conventions."

"BILL ARP" PASSES AWAY.

Death of Major Charles H. Smith, the Noted Southern Humorist.

Atlanta, Ga.—Major Charles H. Smith, better known as "Bill Arp," is dead.

Mr. Smith was born in Lawrenceville, Ga., June 15, 1826. He was the son of A. R. Smith and Caroline Ann Maguire, and was graduated from Franklin College, Athens, Ga., in 1848. He went to Rome, Ga., where he practised law for twenty-seven years.

He wrote weekly letters to newspapers in the South for many years. Among some of the works of which he was the author are "Bill Arp's Scrap Book," "A Side Show of the Southern Side of the War" and "Georgia as a Colony and State, 1733-1802."

KING PETER'S LIFE IN DANGER.

Six Plotters Condemned to Death, Five of Them Army Officers.

London.—The Daily Mail's correspondent in Belgrade says King Peter is determined to suppress the military malcontents with an iron hand.

Three army colonels, two captains and a newspaper editor have been condemned to death for participation in a plot which has been discovered.

Despite this, however, says the correspondent, the King is obviously in the hands of the recent regicides, who are causing a veritable reign of terror.

Colombians Menace a Turkish Colony.

Honda, the most important town on the Magdalena River, situated sixty-five miles northwest of Bogota, Colombia, and having a population of 4000, is in arms against a Turkish colony which has been established there.

Sisters to Work Among Lepers.

Sister Leata, of Louisville, Ky., is at the Franciscan convent in Syracuse, N. Y., making preparations to accompany Sister Mary Leonida to the Sandwich Islands, where they will work among the lepers.

Newsy Gleanings.

The lion is the only wild animal that is capable of affection.

A sunflower sucks up 145 pounds of water during its growth.

Haiti devotes almost one-sixth of its revenues to free schools.

Every Frenchman is born with a debt of $150 on his shoulders.

The Province of Ontario produced $547,000 of nickel last year.

Less than one-seventh of the land in Great Britain is owned by farmers.

A well equipped eye sanitarium will soon be traveling through Egypt in a tent.

Mexico now has 60,000 American residents and $323,000,000 American money.

South Africans bought goods valued at $28,780,000 from the United States in 1902.

The French domain in Africa comprises one-third of the surface of the continent.

It is estimated that the population of British Somaliland is about 250,000. Its area is about 68,000 square miles.

Argon, the recently discovered element of air, is, as was expected from its existence in the chromosphere, very light and apparently monatomic.

THE MARKETS

Wholesale Prices Quoted in New York

MILK.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 2¼c. per quart.

BUTTER.			
Creamery—Western, extra	—	@	19¾
Firsts	18	@	19¼
Seconds	16	@	17½
State dairy tubs, firsts	17	@	18
Imitation creamery	15	@	17
Factory, thirds to firsts	12	@	15½
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	9¾	@	10
Small	10	@	10¼
Part skims, good to prime	5½	@	6¼
Part skims, common	—	@	2½
Full skims	1	@	1½
EGGS.			
Jersey—Fancy	27	@	28
State and Penn.	27	@	28
Western—Choice	19	@	20
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1902	—	@	2 85
Medium, choice, 1902	—	@	2 15
Pea, choice, 1902	2 15	@	2 17½
Red kidney, choice, 1902	3 25	@	3 30
White kidney, choice, 1902	2 65	@	2 75
Yellow eye, choice, 1902	2 75	@	2 80
Lima, Cal., 1902	2 45	@	2 50
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples—Jersey, per basket	50	@	75
Fancy red, per bbl	2 50	@	3 00
Delaware, per crate	30	@	50
Maryland, per crate	30	@	50
Grapes, Del., per carrier	1 25	@	1 50
Niagara, per carrier	1 00	@	1 25
Concord, per carrier	75	@	1 00
Pears, Seckel, per bbl	2 50	@	4 00
Bartlett, per bbl	2 50	@	4 50
Huckleberries, per qt	6	@	10
Peaches, per basket	50	@	1 25
Plums, per 8-lb. basket	15	@	30
Muskmelons, per box	40	@	1 25
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, per lb	—	@	12½
Spring chickens, per lb	13½	@	14
Roosters, per lb	—	@	8
Turkeys, per lb	14	@	20
Ducks, per pair	40	@	75
Geese, per pair	90	@	1 25
Pigeons, per pair	25	@	30
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb	13	@	15
Fowls, Western, per lb	12½	@	13
Broilers, Phila., per lb	15	@	19
Ducks, spring, per lb	13	@	17½
Geese, spring, per lb	17	@	18
Squabs, per dozen	1 50	@	2 50
HOPS.			
State, 1902, choice, per lb	24	@	24½
1901, choice, per lb	17	@	18
Common to good	12	@	16
Pacific Coast, 1902, choice	24	@	24½
1901, choice, per lb	17	@	18
Common to good	13	@	15
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay, prime, per 100 lb	1 00	@	1 05
No. 2, per 100 lb	90	@	95
No. 3, per 100 lb	85	@	87½
Clover mixed, per 100 lb	70	@	75
Straw, long rye	—	@	1 10
SUNDRIES.			
Beeswax, prime, per lb	29	@	30
Maple sugar, per lb	9	@	10½
Maple syrup, per gallon	60	@	80
Honey, clover, per lb	11	@	14
Extracted, per lb	—	@	7
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, L. I., per bbl	1 50	@	1 75
Jersey, per bag	1 50	@	1 40
Sweets, per bbl	2 25	@	2 50
Turnips, per bbl	1 75	@	2 00
Tomatoes, per box	1 00	@	1 25
Egg plant, per crate	40	@	50
Squash, per bbl	50	@	1 50
Peas, per bag	75	@	1 75
Onions, State, per bbl	2 25	@	2 50
Conn., white, per bbl	—	@	5 00
Peppers, per box	30	@	40
Lettuce, per case	1 00	@	1 75
String beans, per basket	60	@	1 25
Cabbages, L. I., per 100	5 00	@	8 00
Cucumbers, per bushel	75	@	1 25
Cucumber pickles, per 1000	3 00	@	5 00
Lima beans, per bag	1 25	@	2 50
Corn, per 100	1 25	@	2 75
Celery, per doz	75	@	1 25
Beets, per 100 bunches	2 00	@	3 00
Carrots, per bbl	75	@	1 00
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter patents	3 90	@	4 30
Spring patents	4 85	@	5 15
Wheat, No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	93¼
No. 2 red	—	@	86¾
Corn, No. 2 white	—	@	59½
Oats, No. 2	—	@	38¼
No. 2 white	—	@	41
Rye, Western	—	@	63¼
State	59	@	63
Lard, city	7	@	7½
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	6½	@	8¼
Calves, city dressed	9	@	12
Country dressed	8	@	11½
Sheep, per 100 lb	2 50	@	3 75
Lambs, per 100 lb	5 60	@	6 50
Hogs, live, per 100 lb	5 75	@	6 40
Country dressed, per lb	8½	@	9½

MONEY FOR CROP MOVEMENT.

National Banks in Chicago Report a Lighter Demand.

Chicago.—Local national banks report a slow demand from the country for crop moving purposes. Indeed, after a brief spurt a few days ago, the demand has fallen off. The shipments of currency are less than they were at this time last year, not only because of a lateness of the crops, but because the interior banks appear to be better supplied with loanable funds.

One year ago country banks were fairly good borrowers of their Chicago correspondents. This year they have been holding down their loans, and in consequence are not obliged to borrow money in Chicago to relend to their own customers.

Chicago banks consider this a good indication, believing that the country banks have been declining to respond freely to miscellaneous demands upon them. In consequence, they are taking care of the early currency requirements themselves. Money with the local banks continues steady to firm at six per cent., with concessions at five and a half.

Died From a Rat Bite.

David G. Williams, aged sixty-three years, of Cambria, Wis., who was bitten by a rat two weeks ago, died from blood poisoning, which resulted from the bite. Mr. Williams was a member of the last Legislature. He served in the Civil War.

Codfish Will Be Scarce.

Scarcity of cod in New England waters is redounding to the wealth of owners and crews of some of the trim little schooners that make fast to T. Wharf at Boston. So scarce are fish that the big salt water fishermen out of Gloucester cannot get a load in a month's trip, and most of them have started into the fresh fish business.

Big Fire in Philadelphia.

Kolb's bakery, occupying about half of a block in the southern section of Philadelphia, Pa., was destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $150,000.

Largest Lake Craft Ordered.

The largest boat ever built on the great lakes has been ordered by A. B. Wolvin from the American Shipbuilding Company, to be built at the Lorain yards. She will be 560 feet long, fifty-six feet in beam, thirty-two feet deep, 6, 10,000 tons capacity, and cost $500,000.

Gold Stampeders Disappointed.

Reports from the Klondike say the Pelty River strike has proved disappointing. The stampeders have returned in disgust.

Massachusetts Cattle Quarantined.

On the receipt of information of the discovery of four cases of foot and mouth disease among cattle in Wakefield, Mass., the Hon. F. C. Beal, Chairman of the Maine Board of Cattle Commissioners, decided to re-establish the quarantine against Massachusetts cattle, and no cattle from that State will be allowed to enter Maine until further notice.

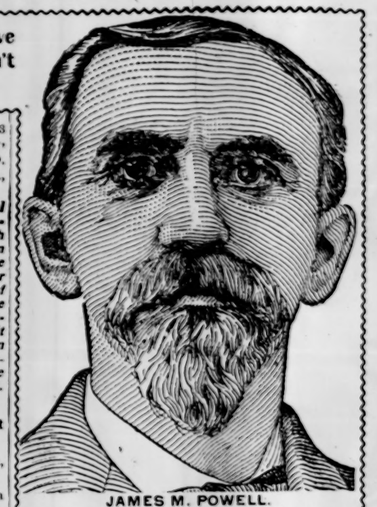
For Peru's Exhibit at St. Louis.

The Peruvian Congress has authorized the Government to expend another $25,000 on the national exhibit at the St. Louis Fair.

CATARRH DESTROYS THE KIDNEYS

Was Miserable---Could Not Stand Up or Walk---Pe-ru-na Cured.

Many Persons Have Catarrh and Don't Know It.



JAMES M. POWELL.

Mr. James M. Powell, 633 Troost street, Kansas City, Mo., Vice Grand of I. O. O. F., of Cherryville, Kan., writes:

"About four years ago I suffered with a severe catarrh of the bladder, which caused continued irritation and pain. I was miserable and could not stand up or walk for any length of time without extreme weariness and pain. I began taking Peruna and it greatly relieved me, and in eleven weeks I was completely cured and felt like a new man."---James M. Powell.

Hundreds of Dollars Spent In Vain.

Mr. Cyrus Hershman, Sheridan, Ind., writes:

"Two years ago I was a sick man. Catarrh had settled in the pelvic organs, making life a burden and giving me little hope of recovery. I spent hundreds of dollars in medicine which did me no good. I was persuaded by a friend to try Peruna. I took it two weeks without much improvement, but I kept on with it and soon began to get well and strong very fast. Within two months I was cured, and have been well ever since. I am a strong advocate of Peruna."—C. Hershman.

Peruna cures catarrh of the kidneys, liver and other pelvic organs, simply because it cures catarrh wherever located. No other systemic catarrh remedy has as yet been devised. Insist upon having Peruna. There are no medicines that can be substituted.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Tipping the Waiter.

The matter involved in the custom of tipping is not one of recompense at all. It is rather one of snobbery. The average man or woman does not tip from motives of charity. Painful as the admission may be, the fact remains that personal vanity is behind most tips. A man may delude himself with the notion that he is paying for better service. But he isn't. He is in reality parting with his coin in return for the humble smirk and the obsequious bow—or what passes current for them. He is purchasing the privilege of patronizing a fellow human being. He is bartering for a public acknowledgment in pantomime of his superiority of clay. He feeds his stomach and his vanity at the one sitting, but pays the bills separately. The object of his munificence may or may not be worthy—of this he knows little and cares less. What he really seeks is the reputation of "quality," of affluence and of being a "good fellow." These are the sweet morsels to his mental appetite—such as it is. Remove the snobbery and there would be no more tips.—Denver (Col.) Post.

Beware of Ointments For Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price, 75c. per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Held For a Rise.

Charles Steckler was recently visiting a friend whose children are very fond of him. His host's little daughter was sitting on his knee. She had a little brother, whom she regarded with wonder.

"I know a man," said Steckler, "who would give a whole roomful of gold for your little brother. Will you sell him?"

The child shook her head.

"But," said Steckler, "think of how many nice things a roomful of gold would buy! Don't you think that you had better let the man have him?"

"No," answered the girl, thoughtfully; "I'll keep him till he's older. He'll be worth more then."—New York World.

Boy's Right to Learn a Trade.

Those American boys who wish to learn trades and for whom there are no places in the shops must be furnished with opportunities for instruction in manual training schools. The boys' right to acquire the necessary skill to support himself when he comes to manhood is overshadowing in its importance and must not be denied to him by the community in which he lives.—Chicago News.

The Rivera memorial to the late Queen Victoria is to take the form of a cottage hospital at Nice.

SUFFERED FOR FIFTEEN YEARS. Completely Restored to Health.

Mrs. P. Brunzel, wife of P. Brunzel, sock dealer, residence 3111 Grand Ave., Everett, Wash., says: "For fifteen years I suffered with terrible pain in my back. I experimented with doctors and medicines, but got little if any relief. I actually believe the aching in my back and through the groin became worse. I did not know what it was to enjoy a night's rest and arose in the morning feeling tired and unrefreshed. My suffering sometimes was simply indesc